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THE OPEN WINDOW.

The old house by the lindens
Stood silent in the shade,
And on the graveled pathway
The light and shadow played.

I saw the nursery windows
Wide open to the air;
But the faces of the children,
They were no longer there.

The large Newfoundland house dog
Was standing by the door;
He looked for his little playmates,
Who would return no more.

They walked not under the lindens,
They played not in the hall;
But shadow and silence and sadness
Were hanging over all.

The birds sang in the branches
With sweet, familiar tone;
But the voices of the children
Will be heard in dreams alone!

And the boy that walked beside me,
He could not understand
Why closer in mine, ah! closer,
I pressed his warm, soft hand!

A DOUBLE MISTAKE.

"A letter for you, Aunt Thankful."

A bright young face, like a gleam of April sunshine, flashed into the room where Miss Thankful Moore sat knitting—a pretty, girlish face, with a saucy dimple in either cheek and a merry sparkle in the laughing eyes. A mammoth blue-checked apron much too large for her, quite enveloped her slender form, and both sleeves were fastened up above the elbows displaying two plump, snowy arms, the sight of which would have sent thrills of envy to the heart of any ball-room belle.

"Lay it on the table, child, and go back to your morning's work."

"Who do you suppose its from?" questioned the girl, turning the letter over, and viewing the superscription curiously.

"I'll see soon's ever I've knit to the seam-needle. I make it a p'int never to lay things aside in a muddle, no matter what happens."

"The girl colored consciously."

"Oh, that everlasting seam-needle! I believe sometimes you knit past it just to keep me waiting."

"Harriet!"

Miss Thankful never used this name in addressing her niece except when extremely displeased. Slowly and carefully she folded her work, sticking the needles firmly and securely into the ball; then wiping her spectacles an unnecessary length of time upon her spotless apron, she adjusted them in their proper position across her nose, and took up the letter.

Meanwhile, Harrie had flown back to the kitchen, where she gave vent to her impatience by making a great clattering among the breakfast dishes.

"She's the dearest old auntie in the world!" she said, "but she does try me so with her awful precision. She'd like to spend the rest of her life in the unvarying routine of the old family clock on the mantel yonder. But I can't; I'm too full of life and activity. I want something new, as dearly as I love her, I'd like a change once in a while. Aunt Thankful and the old clock are just alike. The tick, tick, tick of the clock, and the click, click of her knitting needles, are about the only sounds I hear, except the occasional racket I make just by way of variation. The clock is a perfect model of accuracy and promptness, so is she. They never make a mistake or go wrong."

In the next room, Miss Thankful Moore had taken the letter from the envelope and had read it twice before commenting upon it. Then dropping it into her lap her face assumed a thoughtful expression, her eyes took a dreamy look; and no wonder, for she was gazing far back into the past—full forty years.

"Strange, Strange!" she murmured, meditatively, "that Mehetable should have writ to me after all these years. She's moved to Crambleville quite lately, and wants to renew our acquaintance, she says. Only twenty-five milse from here, an' the cars run right past her house an' mine, too. Seems' most like bein' neighbors. She's a widow, poor thing! an' her children are all dead an' gone but Nell. Well, well! I haven't been called upon to pass through them afflictions, an' I reckon on the hull, as how I'm as contented as most o' women o' my age. I'm right glad that she hasn't any boys. Her Nell must be quite a girl, Mehetable's every bit as old as I am, an' Nell's her youngest, she said. I wouldn't wonder if she's about Harrie's age. Dear me! how that girl does fret. She's so lonesome. I don't know's I blame her, either. I was young an' chipper once myself. Mehetable writ an' invited me to come an' spend a week or two with her. I couldn't think of leaving home for so long a time. Things would go to rack an' ruin if I did. But it would be a real treat for Harrie, an' I could run down an' stay a couple o' days when she's ready to come home, If Mehetable's as glib a talker as she used to be, we can talk up the past 40 years in two days, an' not half try. It's a blessed thing that she's only got a daughter. If she had grown up sons, I'd never think o' lettin' Harrie go; for she's pretty, there's no denyin' that. Yes, I'll answer Mehetable's letter right off, an' ask her if Harrie may come for a week or two. It'll be a change for her, an' like as not, she'll be more contented a'ter she gets home again.

* * * * *

"A letter for you, mother, and the very superscription is as good as the photo of the writer. I can imagine a prim, dignified spinster of uncertain age, to whom the least shadow of indecorum is an unpardonable sin. Mrs. Mehetable Morton! Why little mother Hetty, your name looks very unnatural, it is so plainly precise. I wonder if she accepted your invitation to make us a visit. I hope not, for we'll have to drop all pet names while she's here. She'll Mehetable you and Nelson me. I wouldn't be surprised but that she considers it altogether too familiar to address people by their given names and we will at once be promoted to Mr. and Mrs."

"Do let me take the letter Nel. I'm so anxious to read what she has written. She used to be my dearest friend, years ago when we were little girls. I haven't seen her for a great many years. Ah! just as I thought; she can't leave home for any length of time; but she writes that Peter's child—Peter was her brother, two or three years younger than herself—is with her. She thinks that the child is lonely, and needs a change quite badly. If it will not be a bother to us, she will send Harrie down for a week or two, and she will come at the end of that time and make me a short visit."

Nel puckered up his lips and gave vent to a long, expressive whistle.

"A little boy's next thing to an old maid. What will we do with the small tornado, mother?"

"Oh, Nel, you'll have to amuse him in some way! As for me, I rather like the idea of having a child about once more, I've lost my little boy, you know," with a fond, upward glance.

"Speaking of that lost boy of yours reminds me that I've an old chest of tools in the garret, and I'll win his everlasting friendship, and bring the condemnation of Aunt Thankful down on my devoted head, by presenting them on the very day of his arrival."

"I'll have Bridget fix up the little room next to yours for Harrie. She can make it so cosy and pleasant; and you must take him out on the lake in your sailboat occasionally," said Mrs Morton, whose kindly heart was instantly filled with plans for the comfort and pleasure of the unexpected guest.

"What a pity that the depot isn't nearer!" said Nel, reflectively. I guess I'll take the horses instead of the carriage when I go to meet him. The little fellow will be delighted with a horseback ride. Who ever saw a boy that wasn't?"

"Of course he will, the poor little dear, expect he's had rather a sorry time of it, with only Thankful for company. He shall make all the noise he likes for the next two weeks."

Mrs. Morton instantly answered Miss Moore's letter, setting an early day for Harrie's visit.

The day arrived, and Nel, with one of the carriage ponies and his own handsome horse, started for the depot. In a few moments the train came thundering in, and the usual bustle and hurry ensued.

Nel vainly searched among the new arrivals for his little charge. There was a little boy with his nurse, and a big boy with his father; but no boy answering the description of the one Nel was in search of.

"Dear me!" he said, in perplexity, "I hope he hasn't been taken on with the train."

At that moment he espied a young lady, whose wide, blue eyes wore a very anxious expression, as she searched the faces of those about her in vain attempt to find the one for which she was looking. Stepping up to her side, Nel lifted his hat politely, and asked if he could assist her in any way.

"I expected a young lady to meet me at this train, but I fear that something has occurred to detain her," she said with tears of vexation in her eyes."

"And I came to escort a little boy, who has failed to put in an appearance, to my home," he said, smiling. "If you will tell me the young lady's name, perhaps I may assist you in finding her residence."

"Her name is Nel Morton," she answered.

"And the little boy I was to meet at this train was Harrie Moore!" exclaimed Nel, while his features went through a series of contortions, in a vain attempt to conceal the merriment which this ludicrous mistake stirred up within him.

"Are—you—Nell?"

Harrie looked up at the tall, handsome, broad-shouldered young man in bewildered surprise, scarcely knowing whether to laugh or cry at the mistake.

"My name is Nelson, but mother always calls me Nel," he explained, pitying her evident embarrassment. "And you must be Harrie, whom mother sent me to meet. I shall have to take you into the ladies waiting-room until I make some changes in my arrangements for conveying you home."

Procuring a hack, he placed her in it, and after giving the directions to the driver, he mounted his horse, and taking the pony's bridle, rode by the side of the hack, so that he might reach home in time to introduce Harrie to his mother and relieve her from further embarrassment.

"It is all on the account of the names," said Mrs. Morton, laughing heartily, as she kissed Harrie's flushed cheeks, "but I'm ever so glad that you are not a little boy, dear! I shall enjoy your society so much better."

"I shall not break my heart over the disappointment," thought Nel, as he cast admiring glances at the bright, animated young face opposite.

"Oh, what would Aunt Thankful say, if she knew?" said Harrie, as she stood before the mirror, letting down her long, gold-brown hair, in the lovely guest-chamber where Mrs. Morton had left her with a good-night kiss still warm on her lips.

The room fitted up for the little boy's comfort stood unoccupied, and Harrie knew nothing of it, or the chest of tools with which Nel had planned to purchase her affections.

"Such a lovely tie!—and I brought it to Nell," she said, viewing the dainty article of lace and embroidery admiringly. "Just imagine this ornamenting his shirt front! Oh, dear, it is too funny!" She laughed merrily. "I wanted it myself, when I bought it, only I could not afford two, and now I have it," tying it about her white throat, and smiling at the pleasing effect. "I shall not write one word to Aunt Thankful about the mistake. I mean for once to enjoy myself. Mrs. Morton is such a darling old lady, and Nel is just splendid, if he is a man."

The next two weeks were the brightest, happiest weeks of all Hattie's existence There were such nice long talks with Mrs. Morton, while Nel was at his office, which, I am sorry to confess, he neglected shamefully during those two joyous weeks.

There were carriage rides and boat rides, picnics and music, until Harrie's little foolish head was nearly turned with the pleasures she enjoyed; but the two weeks drew to a close at last, bringing a letter from Aunt Thankful stating that she would be with them on the fifth.

Mrs. Morton and Harrie rode over to the depot in the carriage to meet her, and brought her back in triumph with them.

"There's no use askin' how you've enjoyed your visit," said Aunt Thankful, glancing at Harrie's bright happy face. "I'm only afraid that you'll never be contented with me again."

"Oh, yes I shall," said Harrie, "for I know that you are the dearest friend I ever had."

"Where's Nel?" asked Aunt Thankful, after they had entered the parlor, and Mrs. Morton had seated her guest in a large easy chair.

"Nel was obliged to be absent this after-noon and will not be home until tea-time," said Mrs. Morton, sending a mute dispatch across to Harrie, who was obliged to leave the room instantly, while a convulsive tremor shook her whole form.

Harrie was coming down the stairs as Nel opened the front door, and their voices came floating down the long hall and in through the back parlor door, which stood ajar to where Aunt Thankful was sitting.

"Mehetable, whose that man talking to my Harrie," she asked anxiously.

At that instant Nel and Harrie entered the room together.

"Oh, said Mrs. Morton, smiling complacently,, 'It's only Nel. Miss Moore, allow me to make you acquainted with my son Nelson. You didn't know I had such a great boy, now did you?"

"The mischief's done!" cried Aunt Thankful, sinking helpless into a chair. "But, then, 'what can't be cured must be endured,'" she added, philosophically, while Harrie blushed rosy and Nel laughed merrily.

"You thought I was a young lady, didn't you, Miss Moore?" said he, coming over and seating himself beside her, and entering into conversation in an easy, attractive way, that quite won her heart.

Aunt Thankful proved a true prophet in regard to the mischief which these two happy weeks had accomplished; but she often remarks since Harrie must marry somebody (and pretty girls usually do) she is awfully glad that she chose a sensible young man like Nel.

A Dodo.

"Professor, what is a Dodo?"

"There are several species of the Dodo, my son, and there used to be several more before the fool-killer cut the country up into regular districts."

"Please describe some of them to me?"

"With pleasure. You have probably attended a Sunday-school picnic given on the banks of a lake or river? Six fat women, two girls who wear eye-glasses, and a very good who lisps, make up a party to take a ride on the water. As they are ready to shove off, the Dodo appears and keeps them company."

"What is he like, and what does he do?"

"He is generally a soft-headed young man under twenty-three years of age, and he stands up and rocks the the boat to hear the fat women scream and to induce the girls to call him Gweorge."

"Does the boat upset?"

"It does,"

"And is everybody drowned?"

"Everybody except the Dodo. He always reaches the shore in safety, and he is always so sorry that it happened. He is sometime so affected that it takes away his appetite for lunch."

"And is anything done with him?"

"They sometimes rub his head with a cheap brand of peppermint essence and turn him out to grass, but no one ever thinks of doing him harm."

"And the next species?"

"The next species is a youth from sixteen to twenty. He labors under what the ancients termed the swellhead. He gets out the family shotgun or revolver to show off. He points it at some boy or girl to see 'em sniver, and after he has testified before the coroner that he didn't know it was loaded, the affair is looked upon as ended."

"Is this species on the increase?"

"Well, no. The friends of the victims have got to making such a fuss over these trifles that they-didn'-know-it-was-loaded Dodo isn't quite holding his own."

"What is the third species?"

"The third species belongs to the female sex. Of course there are two sexes of the Dodo. She buys arsenic to kill rats, or corrosive sublimate to discourage bed bugs, or Paris green to give cockroaches a hint to skip, and she leaves the package on the pantry shelf alongside of her baking powder. She may keep 'em separate for two or three days, but it isn't over a week before the family begins to lose their appetite and hire a cheap boy to go for a doctor and a stomach pump."

"And is she sorry?"

"Oh, yes. She didn't mean to, you know; never thought of killing the family; always lived happy with her husband; had entirely forgotten that he had any life insurance; was in a hurry and didn't stop to look."

"And is there yet another species of Dodo?"

"Several others, but we haven't the time to take 'em in detail and give full particulars in each case. The man who thinks the best horse wins, is a Dodo. The woman who gets into society on the strength of her false hair, small waist, painted eyebrows, chalked cheeks and cramped feet is a Dodo The man who thinks he can take comfort on a steamboat excursion—the man who goes on a fishing excursion—the woman who weeps over the heathen—the girl who writes poetry on sunsets—the young man looking for a necktie to become him—the old man who marries a young wife—why, it would take me an hour to mention them all. Put away your books in a carerul manner and we will walk out and see some live specimens of the Dodo. I know of one who has engaged to deliver a Fourth of July oration, and perhaps we may get a shot at him."

In these times we fight for ideas and newspapers are our fortresses.

Want of good sense is the worst of poverty.

The Field of Waterloo.

A traveler writes us from Brussels as follows. "About twelve miles directly south of this place is the famous battlefield of Waterloo. I took the cars Sunday morning to visit the ground where the greatest warrior the world ever knew met his defeat, his overthrow, and utter ruin; where in the space of a few hours a cruisader was hurled from the pinacle of fame, became a refugee, a prisoner in the hands of his enemies, and started on that lonesome journey to the desolate, barren, and rocky island of St. Helens, where in solitude Napoleon ended his days. This battle decided the destinies of Europe. I arrived on the field at 9 o'clock. It was a bright sunny morning, and I thought how, on Sunday morning of June 18, 1815, Napoleon, at the head of his army, marched on to the fatal ground, and in less than eight hours he was a fleeing fugitive, and 40,000 men lay weltering in their gore. Had I the pen of Victor Hugo I would paint the scene, but as I have not, I must be content with simply relating how the grounds now appear.

The field is a rolling piece of land, crossed by three roads, with shade trees along the roads. On the west side of the road where Napoleon and Wellington met, and about thirty rods south of the cross roads stands a monument erected to the memory of Alexander Gordon, who fell here in this battle. Directly opposite on the East side of the road stands one erected by the officers of the king's German legion, to the memory of the companions at arms who fell here. These monuments stand where the fight was the thickest. The mound of earth 141 feet high stands in the centre of the field; on top of this is a base built of blocks of stone twenty-five feet high; on top of all is a cast iron lion weighing 2,800 pounds, and measures twenty-one feet long and ten feet high. This mound of earth is built in the shape of a cone, being 1,680 feet in circumference at its base, and forty feet at its apex, and cost 3,000,000 francs, The monument was built by the Prince of Orange, in 1822 5. There are 225 stone steps leading from its base to the top. The king of Belgium ought to receive, as I have no doubt he does, the public condemnation of the world for desecrating and destroying the general appearance of this memorable battle field in order to erect a monument for himself.

The long low ridge of land behind which Wellington's men poured the terrible tempest of lead into the breast of Napoleon's imperial gaurds, is one of the most interesting portions of the field. The guide showed me where Napoleon's renowned battalions marched unflinchingly up to Wellington's batteries, which were loaded to the muzzle with grape and canister. He showed me where Ney had four horses shot from under him, and his clothes were pierced with bullets. I was shown the old farm residence surrounded by the brick wall behind which four companies of English killed 2,000 Frenchmen in less than an hour. In this brick wall, and in the building the scars made by cannon and musket balls are plain to be seen. I walked over the ground where Wellington and Napoleon struggled for the mastery. I took a long stroll up the road where Napoleon marched his forces from Quatre Bras. This road was paved by Napoleon, and is in a good state of preservation. I walked the whole length of the ravine, about one and a half miles long, where the battle was the hottest, and down to the old farm house, and over the ridge of land where Wellington kept his men under cover. I examined the ground where Napoleon's artillery stuck fast in soft soil of the newly-plowed field, I went up on top of the mound where the Belgium lion stands, and saw the distant woods where Blucher with his fresh troops came like an avalanche upon Napoleon. I saw the road Napoleon took when he retreated back to Quatre Bras. This rapid retreat did not end until he reached St. Helena.

Nearly the whole of the battle field is now covered with fields of growing grain, and one a half miles from the railroad, I crossed and recrossed the newly sown fields, looking for relics; I found four, that I shall bring home with me. I cut some little limbs from a black thorn large enough for pen-holders, growing on top of the earth mound. I spent six hours on this battle field.

The battle-ground is owned by persons residing in Brussels and is occupied by tenants who pay 200 francs annual rent per acre; it is too high. The tenement buildings are built of brick and thatched with straw. One looked so neat I thought I would go in and get a lunch to see how they lived. By signs I made my wants known. They set out bread, cheese, and home-made beer. It was good. They were as neat as wax. The floors were covered with white sand; the children looked clean and neat. I could not tell how so many could occupy such a little house. I took out a handful of small change and motioned for the lady to pick out her pay, she took five centimes (one cent). This was simplicity that I have never seen even in America. I gave the children twenty centimes, and motioned a good-bye.

Burned at the Stake.

On the 10th of June, the Pioneer Association, of Wyandot county, Ohio, observed the one hundredth anniversary of the burning, at the stake, by the Indians, of Col. William Crawford. He was captured by the Delaware Indians and the warriors decided he must die. But before they could carry out their decree it was necessary to obtain the consent of the Wyandots. The Delaware Indians were tenants-at-will in the Wyandots' country and burning at the stake was an obsolete custom with them. Without the consent of the Half King the captors of Colonel Crawford did not dare to inflict the death penalty. A messenger, bearing a belt of wampum, was sent to the Half King, with the following message: "Uncle! We, your nephews, the Lenni Lenape (the Indian name of the Delawares), salute you in a spirit of kindness, love and respect. Uncle! We have a project in view which we ardently wish to accomplish if our uncle will not overrule us! By returning the wampum we will have your pledged word." Half King, concluding it was a contemplated expedition of a Delaware war party inteuding to strike some of the white settlements, returned the belt to the messenger saying: "Say to my nephews they have my pledge." This was a death warrant to the unfortunate Crawford.

As soon as the fleet runner had returned from the Half King's village with the now torture-empowering belt of wampum, Colonel Crawford was hurried forth to his place of torture. It was on the 11th day of June, and the afternoon was well spent when Crawford, under escort of his tormentors, arrived at this ever memorable spot of ground. They here met many Wyandots from the Half King's town, and men, squaws and children from the Delaware village, over which Captain Pipe ruled. A fire was brightly burning. Crawford was stripped naked and ordered to sit down upon the fire. The Indians now beat him with their fists and sticks. The fatal stake— a post about fifteen feet high—had been set firmly in the ground and piles of hickory poles, thicker than a man's thumb and from eight to twelve feet long, lay at the distance of four or five yards from the stake. Crawford's hands were tied behind his back. A strong rope was produced, one end of which was fastened to the ligature between his wrists and the other tied to the post near the ground. The rope was long enough to permit him to walk around the stake several times and then return. Crawford observing these terrible preparations, called to Simon Girty, who sat on horseback at a distance of a few yards from the fire, and asked if the Indians were going to burn him. Girty very coolly replied in the affirmative. Crawford heard the reply with firmness, merely observing that he would bear it with fortitude. When the poles had been burned asunder in the middle Captain Pipe arose and addressed the crowd in a tone of great energy and with animated gestures, pointing frequently to Crawford, who regarded him with an appearance of unruffled composure. As soon as he had ended his harangue a loud whoop burst from the assembled throng and all made a rush for the unfortunate prisoner. When they left him his ears were gone and blood was streaming from the cruel wounds.

A terrible scene of torture now began. The warriors shot charges of powder into his naked body, commencing with the calves of his legs and continuing to his neck. Three or four Indians by turns would take up one of the burning pieces of pole and apply the burning end to his naked body, already burnt black with powder. These tormenters presented themselves on every side of him, so that whichever way he ran round the post they met him with the burning brands. Some of the squaws took broad pieces of bark, upon which they could carry a quantity of burning coals and hot embers, and threw on him so that in a short time he had nothing but coals of fire and hot ashes to walk upon! In the midst of these extreme tortures, Crawford called to Girty and begged of him to shoot him through the heart. "Don't you see I have no gun, Colonel:" replied the white savage monster, bursting into a laugh, and then turning to the Indian beside him he uttered some brutal jests upon the naked and miserable appearance of the suffering prisoner and seemed delighted at the horrid scene. The terrible scene had now lasted more than two hours, and Crawford had become very much exhausted. He walked slowly around the stake upon his fiery pathway, and in a low tone of voice earnestly besought God to pardon all his sins and have mercy on his soul. His nerves had lost much of their sensibility and he no longer shrank from the fire brands with which his tormentors touched him. At length he sank in a fainting fit upon his face and lay motionless, instantly an Indian sprang upon his back, knelt lightly on his knee, made a circular incision with his knife upon the crown of his head and, clapping the knife between his teeth, tore the scalp off with both hands. Scarcely had this been done than a withered old hag approached with a piece of bark full of coals and burning embers and poured them upon the crown of his head, now laid bare to the bone. The Colonel groaned deeply, arose and again walked slowly around the stake. Nature at length could endure no more and at a late hour in the evening he fell for the last time.

A City Under Ground.

For the past six months the work of digging the canal to connect Lakes Eustis and Dora in order to open up the more southern lakes of the "Great Lake Region of Florida" has been prosecuted. The second cutting of the canal was finished recently. At the outlet of Lake Dora the sand bar had already been cut to the depth of nearly or quite three feet on the previous digging, and was dug about two feet deeper last week. At a distance of over four feet below the old level of Lake Dora a mound was discovered. The first excavations revealed the existence of a clearly defined wall lying in a line tending toward the southwest from where it was first struck. This wall was composed of a dark brown sandstone, very much crumbled in places, but more distinct, more clearly defined, and the stone more solid as the digging increased in depth. The wall was evidently the eastern side of an ancient home or fortification, as the slope of the outer wall was to the west.

About eight feet from the slope of the eastern wall a mound of sand was struck, imbedded in the muck formation above and around it. This sand mound was dug into only a few inches, as the depth of the water demanded but a slight increased depth of the channel at that point, but enough was discovered to warrant the belief that here on the northwestern shore of Lake Dora is submerged a city or town or fortification older by centuries than anything yet discovered in this portion of Florida. Small curiously-shaped blocks of sandstone, some of them showing traces of fire, pieces of pottery and utensils made of a mottled flint, were thrown out by the men while working waist deep in water. A spear-head of mottled flint, five and a half inches long by one and a quarter inches wide, nicely finished, was taken from the top of the sand mound and about four feet below the water-level of the lake.

Lawlessness Run Wild.

The southern wing of Pima county, Arizona, is rapidly earning a reputation for lawlessness and abject wickedness that, if it holds out, will lay Lincoln county, New Mexico, in the shade. The building of the Arizona and New Mexico Railroad to the Sonora border has been introduced a band of reckless characters from all parts of the country, and owing to the facility of escape afforded by the close proximity of Sonoro crimes of more than usual viciousness has been prevalent of late. It is no exaggeration to say that the Sonoita valley, through which the railroad passes, has been thoroughly irrigated with blood. Mexicans from Sonoro, Irishmen from Galway, Englishmen from Cornwall, Germans from Luxemburg, Italians from the banks of the Arno, Russians from the steppes of the Oural, Scandinavians from Denmark, Sweden and Norway, and Americans from every part of this vast continent, have contributed their mite to heterogeneous medley.

For some time back the American and Mexican laborers have not been getting along amiably. Frequent and heavy doses of mescal on one side and bad whisky on the other led to frequent disputes, and the lively six-shooter and keen blade have been made to play a prominent part in the settlement of disputes. Not more than three weeks ago an American and a Mexican engaged in a drunken brawl and the latter was shot and instantly killed. A Coroner's jury was held the next day and the murderer was made foreman of the jury, The evidence was clear and explicit as regards the shooting and the identity of the participants. Nothing was smoothed over and held back. It was an honest, open investigation. The jury retired and after an absence of twenty minutes returned the following verdict: "We, the jury empaneled in the above-named case, having examined the body, do declare that the name of the deceased, when living, was Jose Moreno; that a stiff Arizona zephyr was blowing across the plains on Tuesday evening, and that the wind concentrating on one point a hole was bored through the said Jose and he died in consequence."

The chief seat of the devilry is on the border; sometimes the ruffians are in one country and sometimes in the other. Calabasas, Tar Flat and Crittenden are way stations, not unfamiliar with the crack of a pistol or the sharp shriek indicating the entry of a knife into the human body. Igo's ranch is situated about a equal distance from the places named, and not more than an hour's walk from Sonora. Sunday evening a number of Mexicans with their families arrived in the vicinity of the ranch and went into camp. There were fourteen men and eight women and girls in the party. A number of railroaders were engaged in a general jamboree at a neighboring saloon, and were soon joined by the Mexicans, and a kind of an international drunk indulged in. Soon the railroaders began to covet the Mexican women and a demand was formally made for their surrender. This, of course, was refused and a row ensued. Pistols and knives were drawn and freely used. The noise of exploding shots, the shouting of men and the shrieking of women for a time made the atmosphere hideous. In half an hour it was all over and the smoke cleared away, Seven Mexicans lay stark dead and thrice that number of Mexicans and Americans were lying on the ground writhing in the agonies of pain. Three of the Americans were fatally wounded and are probably dead by this time, and it is expected that two more of the Mexicans will die. Of course the chief instigators of the terrible deed, if not dead or seriously wounded, are across the border and out of the reach of the officers.

A Peculiar Calendar.

If the length of the shadow on the 21st of June is divided into four equal parts, and the length on the 21st of December into two equal parts, we shall have six equal measures of length corresponding with six unequal intervals of time; these intervals may then be distinguished according to the length of the shadow. The Japanese avail themselves of this peculiarity of shadows in their country to adjust the division of their solar year, the first day of which corresponds with the 21st of June of the Gregorian reckoning. They divide the year into twelve equal months (mangsa,) which are respectively 41, 23, 24, 25, 27, 43, 43, 26, 25, 24, 23 and 24 days long. Independently of this division, the farmer plants his rice and other crops according to the height of Orion and the Pleiades above the horizon. This height is taken either at nightfall, half an hour after sunset, or in the morning, half an hour before the sunrise. The following are the names of the calendar months, and the most important observations and farmers' rules that are connected with them.

First month (Kasa), forty one days, from the 21st of June to the 31st of July inclusive. Oreon and Pleiades are visible in the east, respectively 21 and 45 degrees above the horizon. The sun turns back toward the south; a man's shadow at noon reaches four feet south. The fresh water fish iwak bettik has one spot on its head. It is time to plant the second crop of rice.

Second month (Kara), twenty-three days long, from the 1st to the 23d of August. The Pleiades are in the zenith, 70 degrees above the eastern horizon. The iwak bettik has two spots. The sun goes farther toward the south. A man's shadow at noon measures two feet south.

Waves and Tides.

Engineering skill has not yet succeeded in utilizing as motive powers the vast forces represented by the ebb and flow of the tides and the action of sea waves. Various attempts to accomplish this have, however, been made, and two recent schemes have been lately described. In the plan proposed recently, a large bell moves up and down in the stone enclosure, and is connected with a large float in the sea. The rising and falling of this bell is used to force air into a chamber, and this compressed air may be employed to drive machinery. In the scheme adopted by Professor Wellner, of Brunn, there is fixed along a sea wall a sort of air-trap—a metallic case, open below, now in air, now in water, as the waves beat upon it. At the top this communicates through valves and pipes with a reservoir, in which the air is compressed, and the force thus supplied may be directly utilized for many purposes.

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, JULY 20., 1882.

THE MILLHEIM JOURNAL

Is published every Thursday, in Musser's Building, corner of Main and Penn streets at

$1.00 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE

Or $1.25 if not paid in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 week.	1 mo.	3 mo.	6 mo.	1 year.
1 square,...	$1 00	$2 00	$3 00	$4 00	$6 00
¼ column,...	3 00	4 00	6 00	10 00	15 00
½ column,...	5 00	8 00	12 00	20 00	35 00
1 column,...	8 00	12 00	20 00	35 00	60 00

One inch makes a square. Administrators and Executors' Notices $2.50. Transient advertisements and locals 10 cents per line for first insertion and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Job Work done on short notice.

DEININGER & BUMILLER,

Editors and Proprietors.

Church & Sunday School Directory.

Evangelical.

Revs P C Weidemyer and J D Shortess Preach's

Rev. J. D. Shortess will preach next Sunday evening.

Sunday School, 1½ P. M.—D. L. Zerby, Supt.

Missionary Society meets on the second Monday evening of each month.

Methodist.

Rev. Furman Adams Preacher-in-charge.

Sunday School at 1½ P. M.—John Kimport, Supt.

Reformed.

Rev. Zwingli A. Yearick, Pastor.

Preaching in Aaronsburg next Sunday morning.

United Brethren.

Rev. Shannon, Preacher-in-charge.

Preaching next Sunday morning

Lutheran.

Rev. John Tomlinson, Pastor.—

Preaching in Aaronsburg next Sunday morning, German, and in Millheim in the evening, English.

Ladies' Mite Society meets on the first Monday evening of each month.

United Sunday School.

Meets at 9 A. M.—H. K. Luse, Supt.

Lodge & Society Directory.

Millheim Lodge, No. 955, I. O. O. F. meets in their hall, Penn Street, every Saturday evening. Rebecca Degree Meeting every Thursday on or before the full moon of each month.
C. W. HARTMAN, Sec. W. L. BRIGHT, N. G.

Providence Grange, No. 217 P. of H., meets in Alexander's block on the second Saturday of each month at 1½, P. M., and on the fourth Saturday of each month at 1½ P. M.
D. L. ZERBY, Sec. T. G. ERHARD, Master.

The Millheim B. & L. Association meets in the Penn street school house on the evening of the second Monday of each month.
A. WALTER, Sec. B. O. DEININGER, Prest.

The Millheim Cornet Band meets in the Town Hall on Monday and Thursday evenings.
J. B. Hartman, Sec. John Kreamer, Pres't.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
ROBERT E. PATTISON,
OF PHILADELPHIA.

For Lieutenant Governor,
CHAUNCEY F. BLACK,
OF YORK.

For Judge of the Supreme Court,
SILAS M. CLARK,
OF INDIANA.

For Secretary of Internal Affairs,
J. SIMPSON AFRICA,
OF HUNTINGDON.

For Congressman-at-Large,
MORTIMER F. ELLIOTT,
OF TIOGA.

HENSEL CHOSEN CHAIRMAN.

The Democratic Candidates Desire the Lancaster Editor to Lead Their Forces.

Robert E Pattison, Chauncy F. Black, J. Simpson Africa and Mr. Hill of Indiana county, who represented Silas M. Clark, met in the office of George M. Dallas, 261 South Fourth street, yesterday afternoon, for the purpose of electing a chairman for the Democratic State committee. Mortimer F. Elliot, of Tioga, was the only candidate on the State ticket who was not represented at this meeting. It was understood, however, that Mr. Elliott had expressed preference to have W. U. Hensel, of the *Lancaster Intelligencer*, as chairman. During the afternoon Ex-Assistant District Attorney John R. Read, of Philadelphia; Ex-Congressman William S. Stenger, of Chambersburg, and W. U. Hensel, were named for the position, but at dusk, when the party adjourned to dine with Mr. Dallas, no one had been selected. They met in Mr. Dallas' house at night, and, after a three-hour session, which was frequently interrupted by couriers, unanimously elected Mr. Hensel.

The Stalwart's Bait.

PHILADELPHIA, July 12.—The Republican State Committee met here this morning at the rooms of the Young Men's Republican club, Twevfth and Chestnut streets. The representation was almost full, but six members being absent. The meeting was secret, none but members being admitted. After being organized a committee was sent after the Stalwart candidates, who appeared at 12.30 and were received with applause. They remained through the meeting, though taking no active part with the exception of presenting a letter in which they declared themselves at the disposal of the committee. Previous to the arrival of the candidates four propositions had been offered by Judge Pettit, of Crawford county, the discussion of which continued until two o'clock, and which were as follows:

FIRST. To submit the two tickets to a popular vote of the Republicans who voted for President Garfield.

SECOND. The selection of a ticket by the popular vote of the Garfield Republicans, the same to be open to the candidacy of any Republican in the State of Pennsylvania, and every man privileged to name his own candidate.

THIRD. To hold a new convention under the rules adopted by the Continental hotel conference of Independents, on or before the fourth Wednesday in August. If the Continental rules are not satisfactory the convention shall be governed by rules to be prepared by ex-Chief Justice Agnew, Hampton L. Carson and Francis B. Reeves.

FOURTH. To hold a convention under the new rules adopted by the Republican Convention of May 10.

The propositions were favored by Gen. White, Judge Pettit and Colonel Hastings. They were opposed by Gen. Negley of Pittsburg, and Mr. Gehr, of Franklin. On a vote being taken the propositions were agreed to almost unanimously, after which the convention adjourned. Among the Stalwarts the opinion prevails that if the Independents decline to accept any of the offers made, they will weaken their cause and drive back to the party a majority of those who have been leaning towards the Independents. The latter antagonize the proposals, saying they will accept nothing but Beaver's renunciation Mr. Wolf says should they agree to a new convention they would be left powerless, as it would undoubtedly result in Beaver's renomination, and they having given their word, could not oppose him. He did not know what the Independents would do, as their committee was not full, but from the expressions of those with whom he had conversed, he knew they were against any compromise, except a complete withdrawal of Beaver.

NO COMPROMISE.

The Independent Leaders Say it is Now too Late.

PHILADELPHIA, July 12.—The Independent Republican candidates and the other leaders met this evening at the residence of Colonel William McMichael, candidate for Congressman-at-Large. It was learned to-day that at last night's conference at the same place. Senator Stewart, candidate for Governor, proposed that all of the candidates on both tickets should be withdrawn and should be ineligible for nomination by the new Convention, constituted in accordance with the Independent rules. His proposition did not meet with favor, however, and it was concluded it was now too late to think of withdrawing the Independent ticket under the circumstances. To-night the feeling among the Independent leaders appear to be the same. They say no provision will satisfy them which would not prevent the renomination of the Cameron ticket. The conference, after a four hours' session, adjourned without arriving at any definite conclusion concering the proposition submitted to them by the Republican State Committee.

THE Philadelphia *Sunday Republic*, Secretary Dunkel's Stalwart Republican paper, has a queer way of showing that Controller Pattison is not a fit man for Governor. The *Republic* says:

We do not suppose that any sensible man will deny that as days pass it becomes more and more evident that the nomination of Controller Pattison was a great mistake. He has made a good Controller, but has not a single qualification for the position of Governor, except that he is intelligent, has a High School education and is honest.

We would suppose that intelligence, education and honesty are very excellent qualities in a Governor, or for that matter in any public officer to have. But besides these Mr. Pattison has abundantly shown that he has fine administrative abilities—in fact he possesses a happy combination of just such qualifications as the people at this particular time most desire. The Republic has proven a little too much for its purpose.

"Somehow or other" an item got into the papers to the effect that Gov Curtin was not suited with the nomination of Pattison and that he would give the ticket but a lukewarm support. Nothing could be farther from the truth. The old Governor is delighted not only with Pattison but with the entire ticket, and will do all in his power for their election. He believes that Pattison will prove an exceptionally strong candidate, will receive the full party vote and enough accessions from republicans to insure his triumphant election.

THE Selinsgrove *Times* has changed hands—Franklin Weirick retires and T. Benton Ulrich takes editorial charge. Mr. Weirick was an able and fearless editor and the *Times* is one of the best county papers we know of. We wish the *Times* continued and increasing success under the new proprietor.

SEVERAL gentlemen from other counties have been mentioned as probable candidates for congress but we feel satisfied that in expressing our preferance for Gov. Curtin we reflect the universal sentiments of the party in this part of Centre county.

CHAIRMAN Hensel has summoned the Democratic State Committee to meet at Harrisburg on the 25th. He means business.

McMICHAEL'S PLUCK.

In a letter to chairman Cooper, under date of the 13th inst., Col. McMichael squarely refuses to withdraw. The Colonel's letter is a bold and stinging rebuke of the Stalwart Bosses.

THE Philadelphia *Times* says if Pattison runs as well for Governor as he did for Controller, he will have a majority of about 120,000.

PATTISON Clubs are being organized in Philadelphia at a rapid rate. The metropolis will give our young and popular candidate a big hoost.

JUDGE Black is reported from Chicago as having said that Hancock and Blaine will likely be the Presidential candidates for 1884.

THE ISSUE WELL STATED.

No Bloody Shirt This Time.

The New York *Tribune* is labering with a zeal worthy of a better cause to revive in the breasts of the Northern people the distrust and hatred of their fellow citizens of the South which for years constituted the entire stock in trade of the republican party. It is evidently up-hill work with the *Tribune*, for it prints column after column of editorial matter day after day to prove that the people of the South are criminals one and all and that therefore the democratic party ought not to be entrusted with the powers of government. The difficulties which interpose against a popular acceptance of such an argument are, first, that it is founded in falsehood, and secondly that the people in most of the Northern states are at present concerned in the settlement of question of far greater importance to them than the morals of their much maligned brethren of the South. The question whether masses of ignorant voters ought to be hurled upon the ballot box under the direction of designing, selfseeking and unscrupulors political managers, to the peril of good government and the overthrow of the rights of property, may become an issue in time, but at present the paramount and overshadowing subject of political contention is whether the One Man Power which has subjugated states and seeks to control the republic shall triumph over democratic institutions and popular government. This is the issue in Pennsylvania. The lines between the opposing parties in New York and Virginia are also drawn with strict reference to this question. The autocratic assumptions of Cameron in Pennsylvania are imitated by Conkling in New York and Mahone in Virginia While these states have their local Cæsars the imperial hand of Arthur stretches out to their assistance and grasps at the control of other states which are yet free from the curse of the One Man Power. Locally and nationally therefore the contest in the approaching political canvass will be between the Cæsarism of the Arthur, Cameron, Conkling and Mahone school of politicians and the right of the people to choose their own representatives and rulers without dictation or interference from those invested with political power. This battle must be fought out on the field which the would-be Cæsars themselves have forced the people to accept. The battle ground cannot be changed by any strategy however adroit, and least of all by such transparant chicans as a sectional diversion against the people of the South.—*Patriot.*

List of Jurors.

The following is the list of jurors for August court, which is to continue but one week:

GRAND JURORS.

M Viedeffer, Burnside.	Isaiah Struble, Walker
Jacob G Breon, Penn.	O Underwood, Union.
J C Goheen Ferguson.	H C Rice, Rush.
Wm Dawson, Spring.	S L Gray, Patton.
N Reeding, Bellefonte.	William Wolf, Spring.
James Carson, Benner.	John Gingery, Huston.
John Stover, Walker.	W E Keen, Penn.
Charles Sellers, College.	W D Smith, Unionville.
Jacob Spangler, Worth.	B D Brisbin, Potter.
C B McCormick, Ferg'n	Jonathan Hess, Ferg'n.
H L Barnhart, Boggs.	M B Richards, Potter.
Christ Holter, Liberty.	D B Kunes, Liberty.

TRAVERSE JURORS.

D W Shivery Ferguson	Sol S Peck, Walker.
J Garbrick, Jr., Marion	P W Barnhart, Boggs.
S D Tobias, Millheim.	John Brachbill, B'fe.
William Bright, Haines	Henry Dale, College.
Luther Swartz, Walker	Henry Beck, Spring.
Hugh Glenn, Huston.	Jacob Brumgart, Miles
N H Williams, Huston.	J I Thomson, College.
John W Smith, Howard	S A Marshall, Benner.
B F Yearick, Ferguson	Patrick Dooley, B'fe.
G W Stover, Millheim,	T Gunsaulus, SnowShoe
John Walter, Boggs	John Robb, Ferguson.
Robert Beirly, Boggs.	A P Stephens, Worth.
A Laporte, Ferguson.	H J Taylor, Spring.
Thomas Snyder, Liberty	Adam Yearick, B'fe.
Aaron Leitzell, Miles.	Jacob Breon, Potter.
M S Fiedler, Haines.	Jasper Brumgart, Miles
E Schroyer, Boggs.	Adam Stover, Haines.
W H Smith, Unionville.	D G Wyche, Rush.
John Dunlap, Benner.	D H Rote, Haines.
James M Ross, Harris.	Toner Noll, Spring,
John Spangler, Potter.	Theo Gorden, B'fe.
C W Hartman Millheim	Isaac Stover, Spring.
Calvin Osman, Harris.	G S Gray, Half Moon.
Absal'm Musser Haines	E C Woods, Spring.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—By an order issued by the Orphan's Court of Centre Co. the subscriber will offer at public sale on the premises at Coburn, on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 12TH 1882,

all that certain lot, containing one-fourth acre more or less, bounded on the west by lands of Jacob Witmyer, and on the north, east and south by lands of Benj. Kerstetter, being the property of Daniel S. Kerstetter, deceased. Thereon erected a good, new dwelling house, and other outbuildings.

TERMS OF SALE: One half on confirmation of sale, and balance in one year with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock.

BENJ. KERSTETTER,
Administrator.

ORPHANS COURT SALE.—By virtue of an order issued by the Orphans Court of Centre county, the subscribers, administrators of the estate of Adam Zerby, late of Penn township, deceased, will offer at public sale on the premises, on Saturday Aug. 5th, 1882, the following described real estate, viz:

No 1. A messuage, tenement and tract of land in Penn township bounded on the North by lands of Geo. W. Stover and Jacob Gentzel, on the east by lands of Gentzel Brothers, on the South by lands of Neese & Mitchell, widow Krater *et al*, and on the west by lands of Thomas Gentzel and Daniel Smith's heirs—containing about 72 acres more or less, of which 16 acres are cleared and in a good state of cultivation, the balance well timbered with white pine and hemlock. Thereon erected two good dwelling houses, barn and all necessary out-buildings, saw mill and orchard of choice fruit.

No 2. A tract of timber land in Gregg township, bounded on the north by lands of L. & T. R. & J. B. Heckman, east by lands of David Smith and Charles Snyder, south by lands of F. F. Jamison and Charles Madara, and west by lands of Peter A. Confer, containing 20 acres more or less.

Terms: One third of purchase money to be paid on day of sale, one third in one year thereafter, and one third in two years, all with interest and to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

H. T. ZERBY,
D. L. ZERBY,
Administrators.

CAUTION.—Having bought at constable sale the following personal property of J. Willis Musser, I have left them in posession of Mis Musser, and hereby caution all persons not to meddle with the same: Clock, arm chair, robe, sett chairs, coal stove & pipe, stove-board, desk 2 bedsteads, wash stand, 40 yds. carpet, table, cook stove & pipe, doughtray, sink, wheel-barrow, meat vessel, tub, churn, clothes rack, sett harness, saddle, flynet, checklines, 3 blankets, mare, sled, spring wagon, forks, shovel, bags, hoe, 4 buckets, lot of potatoes, crocks, pictures.

FRANK J. WEAVER,

Aaronsburg,
June 24th, 1882. 3t

IT WILL PAY YOU

—TO VISIT—

J. R. Smith & Co's

MAMMOTH SUPPLY DEPOT,

NOS. 113 & 114 FRONT STR,

MILTON, PA.

We are now offering the largest stock and greatest variety of

Furniture, House Furnishing Goods, &c.

in the State. **PRICES BEYOND COMPETITION**, consisting in part of Rich an Furniture

All the latest Designs

in Walnut, Oak, Cherry, Mahogany and Ebony. We make a

Specialty in Parlor Suits,

and will sell them lower than any Party in the state. Prices ranging **FROM $30 TO $500.**
If you contemplate buying a

PIANO, ORGAN OR SEWING MACHINE,

it will pay you to write us for prices. We also carry a large line of extra Super, Body and Tapesty Brussels Carpets.

A Good Brussels Carpet at 70 cts. per yard.

Our stock of Plain, Cut and Engraved Table Glass-ware, Plain and Decorated French China, Silver Plated-ware, Lamps and Chandeliers, &c.

is well worth your inspection. Our sales exceed those of any House in our line in the state

LOW PRICES DO IT.

We extend an invitation to you to visit us and will take pleasure in showing you through our various Departments.

MY NEW STOCK

OF

SPRING MILLINERY

Millinery Goods

SPRING MILLINERY

is a collection from which all tastes may be suited.
It embraces a full line of

Leghorns, Chip, Tuscan, Straw,

and all the new styles and colors.

MY PRICES ARE VERY LOW!!!

Trimmed Hats and Bonnets, Untrimmed Goods, Silk Trimmings, Artificial Flowers, and everything belonging to my line. Your trade respectfully solicited.

MRS. ANNA M. WEAVER,

PENN STREET,

MILLHEIM, PA.

MILLHEIM

MARBLE WORKS,

Deininger & Musser,

Proprietors.

THE OLD, RELIABLE PLACE.

Summer Announcement in

Six Points:

1st. We have been in the business at Millheim for many years and thoroughly understand it in all its branches and details.

2nd. We are progressive and have made our Marble Works one of the most successful mechanical establishments in Centre county.

3rd. We keep a full and complete stock on hand at all times and constantly add new designs and styles.

4th. We buy our stock in large quantities direct from the quarries and have special rates of freight—and give our customers the benefit of this system.

5th. We fill our orders and perform our contracts to the letter and our patrons are always satisfied.

6th. We can not be undersold by any establishment in the interior of the state.

READERS!

When in want of a pair of Boots, Shoes or Rubbers send to

KAMP'S

in Lock Haven and you can get them as low as in Philadelpia or New York. If they don't suit you you can return them and get your money back. First rate goods at low prices is my motto.

JACOB KAMP.

To Country dealers, I will sell at wholesale prices, freight added.

30 DYS' T IAL FREE!

We send free on 30 days' trial

DR. DYE'S ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELTS

And other ELECTRIC APPLIANCES TO MEN suffering from NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOST VITALITY and KINDRED TROUBLES Also for RHEUMATISM, LIVER and KIDNEY TROUBLES, and many other diseases. Speedy cures guaranteed. Illustrated Pamphlet free. Address
VOLTAIC BELT CO., Marshall, Mich.

A. SIMON & SONS,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERS,

keep the largest stock in the city.

143 MAIN STREET,

LOCK HAVEN.

GO TO

SIMON BROTHERS,

THE BOSS CLOTHIERS

for your Clothing.

45 MAIN STREET,

LOCK HAVEN.

MORE

NEW GOODS!

FOR THE SUMMER OF 1882.

Fourth Stock Just Arriving for the Spring and Summer at the

Bee **Hive**

Lock Haven, Pa.

And we can safely say at prices that will suit everyone. Cotton Goods have never been as cheap as now. On account of the cold and backward Spring New York and Philadelphia jobbers over-loaded themselves in the early part of the season, and are now willing to sell their goods at a loss rather than carry them over the season. We took advantage of these bargains and are now prepared to sell you goods lower than you ever bought them. We will give you a list of a few of the

GREAT BARGAINS!

All Prints in Standard makes, such as Cocheco, Pacific and Merrimac Prints 6¼ cents, never sold lower than 8 cents. Dress Ginghams in a beautiful line of colors, 8 cents, former price 12½ cents. 36 inch Percales 8 cents, former price 12½ cents. 4 4 Hill Muslin, bleached, 8½ cents, together with a full line of Sersuckers, French Ginghams, Lawns in Cotton and Linen, Unbleached Muslins, Crashes, Tickings, Table Linens and all other Domestic Goods at prices in proportion to those just mentioned. In

DRESS GOODS

We have some bargains to offer. The best thing we have now for the money is an all-wool-filling CASHMERE at 8 cents; they are in medium and light shades only, but the former price on them has been 12½ cents; at 8 cents they are better to buy than Calico. Remember they are half wool.

Buntings in all shades at 12½ cents.
Buntings all wool at 20 and 25 cents.
Buntings in a little better grade at 35 cents.
Buntings in double width, fine, all-wool at 75 cents.

Another Lot of Summer Silks

These goods are scarce, but we have the styles now better than at any time this season and prices are equally as low; together with these we have all the new things in Summer Dress Goods in all the new shades. Large line of Plain and Colored Silks, best goods $1.25; lowest price 47½ cents. We still have a big trade on our $1.00 Black Silk, the best in the city for the money.

NUN'S VEILINGS

You have heard a great deal about this fabric no doubt. We have all the desirable light shades such as pink, light blue, cream and white. Fringes and Passementeries have had their day; laces are the rage now. Spanish and Spanish Gimpure—these we can not give prices on here as there are so many qualities and widths, but they start at 25 cents and go to $1.50 per yard; in the fine goods we have 2 and in some patterns 3 widths. We can tell you better about them when you come to see them; we do not ask you to buy if prices are not as low and varieties greater than any other place in town.

WHITE LINEN DeINDIES

With as fine a line of Embroideries in match goods ever brought to this city; it is worth your time to come in if for nothing else than to see them, we will take great pleasure in showing them together with the above named goods. We have all the new things in

Kid and Lisle Thread Gloves, Lace Collars, Linen Collars, Handkerchiefs, Lace Mitts, Etc.

Ladies' White Kid Gloves (Foster Pattern), in 10 hooks; sizes from 5½ to 8. Still a few more

CARPETS,

In Brussels left at 55, 87½ and 95c. We have given you a list of the goods we carry and will guarantee prices as low as you ever bought them.
N. B.—10,000 pounds Wool wanted in exchange or for cash.

J. F. EVERETT & CO.

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, JULY 20., 1882.

DEININGER & BUMILLER,
Editors and Proprietors.

Local Department.

Announcements.

We are authorized to announce that S. F. HUNTER, of Benner township, is a candidate for member of the legislature, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that JOHN A. WOODWARD of Howard township, is a candidate for member of the legislature, subject to Democratic rules.

Festival of the Ladies' Mite Society of the M. E. Church of Millheim.

Said society will hold a festival next Saturday afternoon and evening to which they cordially invite everybody to attend. This Mite Society has the furnishing of the M. E. Church in view to which purpose the proceeds of this festival will be applied. A pleasant time is expected and the community respectfully requested to help the ladies along in this good cause. **

—Dr. Wetzel made the first grain shocks in the neighborhood this year.

—Dr. C. Sumner Musser, of Aaronsburg, is confined to bed by a severe attack of pneumonia. Since Monday there has been a slight improvement in his condition.

—Prof. George W. Atherton, of Rutger's College, New Jersey, has recently been elected to the Presidency of Pennsylvania State College, and has signified his acceptance.

—The administrators of Adam Zerby, deceased, will offer some valuable property at public sale on Saturday Aug 5th. See notice in an other column and sale bills. ts

—Our friend W. Frank Musser expects to take charge of the Pine Grove Academy on the 24th inst. Frank is a graduate of Peansylvania College and one of the most succesful teachers in this section.

—Mrs. David Ertel, of Penns Creek, has a Cactus plant that is a beauty and rarity of prolific blooming. It has at this time one hundred and thirty separate flowers. Can any of our florists beat this?

—That most clever of all clever fellows, Mr. Joseph K. Moyer, of Centre Mills, sent us a sack of flour. It is most royal flour—and came just in the nick of time. Thank you Joe; hope you may yet be as rich and prosperous as your pious namesake of old.

—Mr. Milton E. Bollinger, a recent graduate of the Central State Normal School, Lock Haven, will open a subscription school at Aaronsburg on Monday July 31st inst. The patronage of parents respectfully solicited. Tuition moderate. 2t.

—Our young friend, Mr. F. O. Metzger of Philadelphia, after an absence of over two years came to town on Tuesday to spend a few days with his aunt, Mrs. Adolph Miller and visit his many friends. He looks hearty and every inch a gentleman. Glad to have you here, Fred, and anxious to see you stay a while.

Inventors and Patentees

should send for instructions, reasonable terms, references, &c., to Edson Brothers, Solicitors of Patents, Washington, D. C. who furnish the same *without charge*. Edson Brothers is a well known and successful firm of large experience, having been established in 1865. tf

—The Ladies Mite Society of the Lutheran congregation will take up a basket collection at regular worship next Sunday evening. The society most respectfully appeals to the congreation and the christian public for liberal contributions. The proceeds will be applied to the furnishing of the new church.

Secretary.

—The surviving members of Co. A. 148th P. V., will hold a re-union at Rebersburg, Friday Aug. 25th, which will be the twentieth anniversary of their muster-in into the military service of the United states. A competent committee has charge of the arrangements the details of which are published in another column.

—Our modest friend Jacob Shafer, near Penn Hall, sent us a timothy stalk that measures 6 feet 2½ inches in length. Jacob informs us that it is of good Democratic variety and a good thermometer to guage Gov. Pattison's majority in November. But what is the prospect for big apples, Jake, for the poor printer?

—The idea used to prevail very largely that to appear in tattered or patched up clothing was a sure sign of manly dignity and moral worth. But people are fast getting other notions on this subject. Men do not get much credit these days for being slovenly in their appearance, while to be filthy is a downright disgrace. Of course much depends on the work or business in which men are engaged, and it is for this reason that Lewin, of the Philadelphia Branch Clothing House, Bellefonte, Pa., keeps a full line of clothing suitable for the laborer, the merchant, the farmer, as well as the professional man—and all at the very lowest cash prices.

—Miss Mary Strohm takes this opportunity to inform the citizens of Millheim and vicinity that she will again open a school on Tuesday, July 25th, next, and kindly solicits the continued patronage of the public. 1t

—Mr. Andrew J. Immel has bought Mr. Limbert's mail contract and now runs the mail coach from Coburn to Woodward, stopping at Millheim, Aaronsburg and Fiedler & Runkle's store. Express packages and other goods if not too bulky, carried at reasonable charges. All business entrusted to him will be promptly attended to tf.

A NOBLE DEED.—The late Mahlon Fisher, of Williamsport, at his death, bequeathed a sum of $33,000, the interest of which is used semi-annually to supply the wants of widows. In consideration of this, services commemorative of him were held over his grave on Sunday afternoon.

THE BIG LEGACY.—Mr. Allen Bartholomei of Altoona, one of the numerous heirs, who recently sailed for Europe to ascertain whether or not the supposed great fortune existed only in the mind of their New York attorney, has returned to Altoona and the Tribune of that city reports him as saying that the prospect of obtaining the fortune is very bright.

—The good people of Aaronsburg have been much annoyed of late by a number of petty thefts. Flour and other provision, clothing, linen from the clothes line and other things are constantly going where the woodbine twineth. Even cows are being milked by others than their owners, before the dawn of day. We suggest that our Aaronsburg friends put a stop to these depredations.

"MAUD."—The other day neighbor Pierce Musser launched a beautiful little pleasure boat on the old, historic mill *dam*. (Spell the word D. A. M. leave the n off, then it isn't swearing.) Pierce had the neat little ship painted in best style and named it *Maud*, after his charming, rosy-cheeked young daughter. All decent persons can hire the Maud for a trifling fee. For terms and particulars apply to CLYMER MUSSER. 2t.

EXTENSIVE CARRIAGE WORKS.—John S. Fisher's Carriage Shops, one mile west of Rebersburg take the lead in this county for the finest and most fashionable Buggies, Carriages and Family Wagons. He keeps the Dexter Queen, Timken, Vanderbilt styles constantly on hand and makes it a point to turn out the best finished wagons in the country. Try him and you will be satisfied and pleased with his excellent work. 2t

—Hon. John B. Linn, of Bellefonte honored us with a call last week. He has for some time been busily engaged in collecting material for his fourth-coming *History of Centre County*, which promises to be the most comprehensive and complete of its kind ever published Mr. Linn is a gentleman fully competent for the work and has large experience in writing local history. His *Annals of Buffalo Valley* is a work of sterling merit.

Read, Mark and Learn!

That a fine, enclosed Picnic Ground, with every convenience, Swings, Croquet Ground, Quoits, Pavillion, and a Fine Spring of pure water with plenty of shade, has now been completed at Spring Mills. Societies, Clubs, Lodges and all respectable parties will be accommodated on reasonable terms. Carriages and tickets to the celebrated Penn Caves at moderate rates. Address

GEO. B. NASH,
3m Spring Mills House.

REUNION.—Of the surviving members of Company "A" 148th Regt., P. V. at Rebersburg, August 25th, 1881—the 20th anniversary of their "mustering in" into the U. S. service. The members of the company will form at 9 A. M., on the spot in front of the Rebersburg Hotel where they were sworn into service twenty years before, and will be briefly addressed by Maj. R. H. Foster of Bellefonte. Thence the company, orphans of deceased soldiers of this company, and soldiers belonging to other organizations, will march in procession to Kreamer's woods, south of Rebersburg, where a Historical Sketch will be given of the service of company A during the late war, by Maj. R. H. Foster. Gen. J. A. Beaver and other distinguished speakers are expected to be present and deliver addresses, after which the soldiers will go into camp and prepare dinner for themselves in the most approved style.

Knapsacks packed with eight days' rations and other necessary appendages pack-mules to carry ammunition, provisions and utensils, and soldiers' complete outfit on a march, will be among the attractions of the day. A brass band will be present to enliven the occasion with music.

A cordial invitation is extended to all soldiers and soldiers' orphans to be present and a general invitation is given to citizens to be present and make it an occasion for a basket picnic. Soldiers are requested to bring with them cooking utensils and provisions to prepare meals as they were accustomed to in the army.

Arrangements will be made to accommodate all members of company "A" and their families and orphans of deceased soldiers of this company, coming from a distance, by calling on the committee of arrangements.

HENRY MEYER,
J. A. MILLER,
S. M. SPANGLER,
ELIAS STOVER,
JESSE LONG,
THOS. E. ROYER,
Com. of Arranements.

SPRING MILLS ITEMS.

Farmers are busy cutting grain. The precious crop is an excellent one.

Capt. McCool saw a big deer wandering around leisurely on his farm. The Captain is a law-abiding citizen and would not shoot a deer out of season—and it seemed as if Mr. Venison knew it.

Something new and beautiful is almost daily added to the new Spring Mills House. Mr. Nash understands how to improve the fine resort.

Rev. James D. Wilson, of New York city, is here on a visit to his venerable father and friends. He preached a very able sermon to a large and appreciative audience on Sabbath evening.

Jacob McCool will remove his steam saw mill back to the old site near his residence in a few days. Jacob is the boss sawyer in these parts.

Mr. I. J. Grenoble has adopted the cash system. Hope others will soon follow and make it general all around. Mr. G. promises to sell goods very closely, and he is just the man to make good what he promises. He understands the mercantile business fully. Success to him.

SAM PATCH.

News Miscellany.

A Reading man was fined $25 for using indecent and insulting language.

The public debt was decreased $12,560,696.70 during the month of June.

Ex-Gov. Curtin will deliver an oration at Gettysburg on the 29th inst.

In many places the wives and children of the strikers are suffering for want of food. That is what strikes are good for.

Jacob Coleman, a respectable and well to do farmer residing near Middleburg, Snyder Co., committed suicide on the 30th ult., by hanging.

It is now discovered beyond a doubt that Mrs. Scoville, on the morning of Guiteau's execution, sent him a handsome bouquet of flowers, some of the buds of which contained heavy doses of arsenic; and in addition a vine of rank poison was worked neatly into the bouquet. It seems that it was her desire to get an opportunity to whisper the words "Chew the buds" in his ear.

Happy now are the clerks of the stores whose proprietors do not believe in advertising. They can stretch out upon the counter, place their heads upon a roll of shelf faded calico, throw a piece of bobinet over their faces, and snore the happy hours away.—*Ex.*

WAR IN EGYPT.

War has commenced in Egypt. On the 11th instant the British war fleet opened fire on the fortresses of Alexandria, the batteries replied and the action soon became general.

A London *Times* correspondent gives the progress and result of the battle as follows:

ALEXANDRIA, July 11.—9,10 a. m.—The attack on the forts has now been kept up two hours. Smoke hangs over the city along the line of the shore batteries and among the ships, and it is difficult to see what damage has been done. It is certain, however, that the enemy has suffered very heavily. Fort Marsael Kamat has been blown up. The fire from the other batteries and forts is slackening. The top of the tower of fort Phaios has been carried away and many guns have been dismounted on that and other forts. The flag of the Geneva Red Cross is flying over hospital in the city. The Dutch and Greek flags are hoisted over their respective consulates. At the beginning of the bombardment immense excitement was visible. Crowds of people were seen wending their way toward the palace. The streets are now deserted, the people having fled or taken refuge in cellars. Up to noon four forts had already been blown up and fires broke out at different parts of the city. The causualities on the British side were five killed and twenty-seven wounded. The loss of the Egyptians was heavy.

OFF ALEXANDRIA, July 12.—1.30 p. m.—A flag of truce is shown from the town and a vessel steaming toward the fleet is displaying a flag of truce.

A dispatch from on board the Chiltern, dated at 5.15 this afternoon, says: "The flag of truce is still flying. Several large fires have broken out in various parts of the town.

LONDON, July 12.—A dispatch from Alexandria, sent at 9.22 to-night says it is supposed the Egyptian troops have evacuated the town, as the fires to-night are assuming larger proportions. The town is reported to be almost empty, and it is believed has been left to the low Arabs, or possibly the Bedouins, to plunder. The darkness of the night makes the conflagration appear very vivid. It is supposed the town is being reduced to ashes wilfully. At sunset the white flag was still flying.

The causes that lead to the present war in Egypt are many and complex, and withal very difficult to understand by the average American. Egypt is a dependency of Turkey and as badly governed. In 1876, Ismail Pasha, the Khedive, had brought the country into an alarming condition financially. The interests of foreign bondholders were at stake and France and England became alarmed for their supremacy of the Suez canal. The two governments made an alliance against Egypt, and notified the Pasha that he must stop his extravagance and reform his government, which he promised to do but failed, and in 1879 he was compelled to abdicate. Tewpik Pasha, became the ruling head under supervision of England and France. Of course the Sultan consented to this arrangement, simply because he could not prevent it. Thousands of foreigners were appointed to lucrative offices, which was a constand source of irritation to the Egyptians, and this is the more immediate cause of the war. A national party which includes the army, has been formed under the leadership of Arabi Bey, the Minister of War, and their battle cry is "Egypt for the Egyptians" Alexandria is demolished by the British war ships, but further military operations must be carried on by land. England has the sympathy of the great powers now, but the "balance of power" question may soon become a troublesome factor. The small beginning at Alexandria on the 11th inst may lead to a general European war.

MARRIED.

On the 1st of June, at Spring Mills, by Rev. W. E. Fisher, Mr. David C. McCool, to Miss Mary Whitmer, all of Spring Mills.

DIED.

On the 1st inst., in Potter township, Mrs. Emanuel Nevel, aged 40 years, 9 months and 1 day.

Millheim Market.

Corrected every Wednesday by Gephart & Musser.

Wheat	1.10
Corn	90
Rye	70
Oats White	50
Buckwheat	
Flour	6.00
Bran & Shorts, per ton	25 00
Salt, per Brl	1.75
Plaster, ground	9.00
Cement, per Bushel	45 to 50
Barley	85
Timothyseed	2.00
Flaxseed	
Cloverseed	
Butter	22
Hams	17
Sides	13
Veal	
Pork	
Beef	
Eggs	20
Potatoes	1 00
Lard	13
Tallow	
Soap	6
Dried Apples	6
Dried Peaches	
Dried Cherries	

COAL MARKET AT COBURN.

Egg Coal	$5.00
Stove "	5.20
Chestnut	4.80
Pea	3.50
Pea by the car load	3.20

Fifty cents per ton additional when delivered in Millheim.

Lewisburg and Tyrone Railroad Time Table.

LEAVE WESTWARD.

	1 A. M.	3 A. M.	5 P. M.	7 P. M.	9 P. M.
Montandon	7 05	9.40	2.05	6.00	7.55
Lewisburg	7.25	10 05	2.20		
Fair Ground	7.30	10.13	2.25		
Biehl	7.40	10.27	2.35		
Vicksburg	7.45	19.36	2.40		
Mifflinburg	8.00 ar	11.00 ar	2.55		
			le. 3 05		
Millmont	8.22		3.28		
Laurelton	8.33		3.40		
Wiker Run	8.57		4.06		
Cherry Run	9.15		4.25		
Fowler	9.35		4.47		
Coburn	9.48		5.00		
Spring Mills	ar 10.15		ar. 5.30		

LEAVE EASTWARD.

	2 A. M.	4	6	8 P. M.	10
Spring Mills		5.50		1.50	
Coburn		6 18		2.20	
Fowler		6.28		2.33	
Cherry Run		6.48		2.55	
Wiker Run		7.05		3.15	
Laurelton		7.30		3.40	
Millmont		7.40		3.52	
			A. M.		
Mifflinburg		8.00	11.45	4.15	
			P. M.		
Vicksburg		8.15	12.10	4.32	
Biehl		8.20	12.17	4.38	
Fair Ground	A. M.	8.30	12.33	4.48	P. M.
Lewisburg	6.35	8.45	12.50	5.10	7.30
Montandon	ar. 6.45	ar. 9.00	ar 1.05	ar. 5.20	ar 7.40

Nos. 1 and 2 connect at Montandon with Erie Mail West; 3 and 4 with Sea Shore Express East; 5 and 6 with Day Express and Niagara Express West; 7 and 8 with Fast Line West; 9 and 10 with Williamsport Accommodation East.

Official Announcement.

Change of Time on Phila. & Erie R. R.

JUNE 5, 1882.

Sea Shore Express leaves Montandon at 9.07 A. M., stopping at intermediate stations, arriving at Harrisburg 11.40 A. M., Philadelphia 3.20 P. M., New York 6 25 P. M., making close connection at Philadelphia for all sea shore points.

Day Express leaves Montandon at 1.39 P. M., stopping at principal stations, arriving at Harrisburg 3.55 P. M., Philadelphia 7.35 P. M., New York 10.35 P. M., Baltimore 7.30 P. M., Washington 8.47 P. M. Parlor Car through to Philadelphia.

Williamsport Accommodation leaves Montandon at 7.48 P. M., stopping at intermediate stations, arriving at Harrisburg 10.25, Philadelphia 2.55 A. M., New York 6.15 A. M. Sleeping car accommodations can be secured on this train at Harrisburg for Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 A. M.

Erie Mail and Fast Line East will be consolidated into one train, leaving Montandon at 1.39 A. M., stopping at principal stations, arriving at Harrisburg 4.05 A. M., Philadelphia 7 20 A. M., New York 10.25 A. M., Baltimore 7.40 A. M. Washington 9.02 A. M. Through sleeping cars will be run on this train to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

WESTWARD.

Erie Mail leaves Montandon at 6.52 A. M., for Erie and intermediate points, Canandaigua and intermediate points.

Niagara Express leaves Montandon at 2.00 P. M., for Kane and intermediate points, Canandaigua and intermediate points.

Fast Line leaves Montandon at 5.50 P. M., for Lock Haven and intermediate points, Watkins and intermediate points.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at GEO. P. ROWELL & CO'S Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce Street), where advertising contracts may be made for it in **NEW YORK.**

SOLDIERS now suffering from wounds or disease of any kind caused by military service are entitled to **Pension**. Widows, minor children, dependent mothers or fathers of soldiers who died from the effects of their services are also entitled. Many invalid pensioners are entitled to an **Increase**. Careful assistance given in **Delayed** or **Rejected Claims**, as many can be allowed with but little more evidence. Complete instructions with references sent on application. **Chas. & Geo. A. King**, Attorneys-at-Law, 916 F St., Washington, D. C.

LAND! A. A. THOMAS, St. Cloud Building, Washington, D. C. Practices before the United States General Land Office. Contested cases, private land claims, mining, pre-emption and homestead cases prosecuted before the Department of the Interior and Supreme Court; and all classes of claims before the Executive Departments. Special attention given to town-site cases. Land warrants, homestead floats, and all kinds of land scrip bought and sold.

GET YOUR JOB PRINTING DONE AT THE JOURNAL OFFICE.

Prompt and fine work at reasonable rates.

DR. J. W. STAM

is now permanently located at

and will give prompt attention to all medic calls at his office in

C. F. Deininger's house on Main Street.

Try DR. STAM'S SPECIFIC PILE MEDICINE—it gives instant relief.

P. GEPHART D. A. MUSSER

GEPHART & MUSSER

DEALERS IN

Clover Flour. & Feed, Coal, Plaster & Salt

MILLHEIM PA.

Highest market price paid for all kinds of

GRAIN,

Delivered either at the BRICK MILL or at the old MUSSER MILL, in MILLHEIM.

COAL, PLASTER & SALT

Always on hand and sold at prices that defy competition.

A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited. 39-1y

POTTERY

Millheim, Centre Co., Penna.

ULRICH & CO.,

PROPRIETORS,

would most respectfully inform the public that they are now prepared to manufacture everything in their line of first class quality. They have found a superior kind of clay, and will constantly keep on hand a full line of

CROCKERY, BREAD & PIE DISHES, PLAIN & FANCY FLOWER POTS, STOVE COLLARS, &c.

ysHoping to merit the confidence of the public qi furnishing the best grade of ware they would epectfully solicit a share of its patronage. 1y

SLATE!

The celebrated Washington Vein of

ROOFING SLATES

for Roofs, &c., from the famous SLATE QUARRIES OF SLATINTON, LEHIGH CO., PENNA.

Can Now Be Bought

AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES of the undersigned who is a practical Slate Roofer of many years experience. Those in want of Slate and Roofing done can secure it

At The Lowest Rates.

Old buildings re-roofed at the lowest rates, without the assistance of other mechanics. For prices and terms call on or write to the undersigned at H. K. WHITMAN'S RESIDENCE,

Broadway Street, near P. & E. Depot,

MILTON, PA.

DUAN NEFF, Agent.

SUMMER RESORT.

SPRING MILLS HOUSE,

SPRING MILLS, CENTRE COUNTY, PA.,
TERMINUS OF THE
LEWISBURG & TYRONE R. R.
AND SIX MILES FROM MILLHEIM.

This is a new house and newly furnished *with everything tending to comfort and convenience of guests.* The air is invigorating and perfectly free from *malaria*, and *particularly* favorable for the *restoration to health of persons afflicted with Pulmonary complaints, Malarial disorders and Hay Fever.* Near by the celebrated Penn Caves, surpassing anything of the kind known—sailing miles under ground—and inspecting halls of great wonder of *gone by ages.* Carriages to the cave daily. The table is plentifully supplied with meats, milk and fresh vegetables and fruits in season, *healthfully prepared* and *tastefully served.* Good stabling accommodations.

POPULAR PRICES:

Per day, (less than a week,) ..... $ 2 00
Per week, (less than a month) 6 00
Per month 20 00

All inquiry as to Rooms and Board will be promptly answered.

GEO. B. NASH, Manager.

CUT THIS OUT!

AGENTS MAKE **$15 TO $40** PER WEEK.

We have stores in 15 leading Cities, from which our agents obtain their supplies quickly. Our **Factories** and **Principal Offices** are at **Erie, Pa.** Send for our **New Catalogue** and terms to agents. Address

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PAYNE'S FARM ENGINES.

Vertical & Spark-Arresting Engines from 2 to 12 horse-power, mounted or unmounted. Best and Cheapest Engines made. **$150** upwards. Send for Illustrated Catalogue **U** for information and price to

B. W. PAYNE & SONS,
Box 846, Corning, N. Y.

PATENTS

We continue to act as Solicitors for Patents, Caveats, Trade Marks, Copyrights, etc., for the United States, Canada, Cuba, England, France, Germany, etc. We have had **thirty-five years' experience.**

Patents obtained through us are noticed in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN. This large and splendid illustrated weekly paper, **$3.20** a year, shows the Progress of Science, is very interesting, and has an enormous circulation. Address MUNN & CO., Patent Solicitors, Pub's. of SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, 37 Park Row, New York. Hand book about Patents free.

B. HARRIS,

224 Market St.,

LEWISBURG.

HAVE NO COMPETITORS.

Our first instalments of New Spring Goods are sold out, compelling us to make a Second Trip to the Eastern Cities, which goods will

Arrive during this week.

Space will not admit what Bargains we have got. Sufficient t say, with our increased business facilities our patrons will alway find the Largest and Best Assortment of

MILLINERY GOODS!

Hats, Bonnets, trimmed and untrimmed, Feathers, Flowers, Silks, Satins, Ribbon in all New Shades, Laces, Embroideries Dress Trimmings in endless variety, Hosiery, Gloves and Corsets Ladies and Children's Shoes, Looking Glasses and

New Goods received every day

THROUGHOUT THE SEASON.

A Simple Fact—We can't be Undsold.

B. HARRIS,

224 Market St., Lewisburg, Pa.

SIXTH SEASON OF

CROWNED SUCCESS.

This Season Shall Eclipse any Previous One.

Now doing a much larger business, we buy in larger quantities, thus securing the manufacturer's lowest prices and largest Cash discounts, which enables us to sell much lower than ever before.

Largest and Best Stock in Lock Haven.

The Styles this season are particularly choice and desirable, and for the quality are most reasonable.

MORE GOODS THAN EVER.
MORE STILL COMING.

Lower Prices than any other House in the County.

You do not have to go into this house with a club in one hand and the money in the other and make the salesman come down to what you think is a finer price, when in reality you are paying too much then; but we mark our goods down to Rock Bottom Prices.

Undeniably Good.

The Clothing we sell is just as good as it can be made. Every garment is so thoroughly finished that it serves to build up a trade for us. Every man and boy can be fitted from our stock.

SHOE DEPARTMENT.

From the Coarse Brogan to the dainty Slipper for the Lady. The stock in this department is complete, and customers will have no difficulty in coming to an "understanding."

Of Hats we have a larger stock than ever before, and we have added lately several large purchases from the best manufacturers of goods which will be sold at much less prices than the same grades are generally. Please take a look at them.

Our principles are that fair and honest dealing form the only basis of permanent prosperity.

THE PHILOSOPHY OF SUCCESS:

The Best Value for the Money.

H. R. WHITCOMB,

LOCK HAVEN AND RENOVO.

AGRICULTURE.

WATCH THE SEEDS.—Just at this time, when it is necessary to have the seeds in the plant-bed sprout quickly, the watering pot is frequently used. This should not be done except in cases of necessity, as there is almost always more or less of imperceptible moisture in the earth which is sufficient for the very small seeds, such as cabbage, lettuce, etc. The greatest danger to these seeds is in the baking of the soil, which will assuredly occur if the watering pot is used, espacially if the soil contains much clay. To avoid this difficulty the seeds should be planted in the beds the short way, so that the gardener can reach every portion of them with a rake from the walk way. Plant all seeds in little rows about eight inches apart, and then stick a sprig at each end and one in the centre. It can be noticed that always after a warm day the surface is baked. This is the cause of more seed failures than any other thing, as the seeds perish before they can get through. Successive applications of water simply makes the crust harder. Water the plants every alternate evening, if necessary, and on the evenings after each watering, rake the bed over with a sharp-toothed rake (one with a tooth out in the middle is preferable), following the direction of the rows, which may be discerned by the sprigs placed there for the purpose. This process loosens the soil, prevents the formation of hard crust, admits air, water and warmth, and facilitates the growth of the young plants. After they are through the ground it is time to give them a slight hoeing.

FARMING ON CLAY LAND.—Very favorable reports have recently been published in England of the profits of farming on land that was essentially compact clay. In some cases what passed for soil had been used for making brick. Though owned by individuals, it had been put to no agricultural use since the settlement of the country by civilized men. By judicious management it has been converted into valuable property. Considerable money was expended on it without any returns. Surface and underground drains were made to carry off water and cause the air to circulate through the hard earth. Repeated plowings were resorted to for the purpose of pulverizing the compact ground. Care was taken to expose the soil to the action of the frost and air as much as possible. The first crops raised were for the purpose of turning under for fertilizers. In some cases two crops were raised for this purpose in a single year. They benefited the land mechanically as well as chemically by making it loose. Having been treated in this way it was found to be productive of large crops of grass and clover. Recently wheat, barley and peas have been applied to them. In this respect they present a remarkable contrast to lands that were originally rich and fertile. It is admitted that it will not be profitable for tenants to undertake to improve hard clay land, but it is believed that many landlords will set about making unproductive land profitable and in that way adding to the extent of their rentable property.

LEGHORN FOWLS.—Leghorns have the reputation of being the most prolific egg producers of all fowls. The average produce of a young, well kept flock is about 160 eggs yearly for each hen, and this is approached only by the Plymouth Rocks. Leghorns are of three kinds or varieties, white, brown, and speckled or dominique. The white is the most popular and is an elegant bird. With a white plumage shaded with delicate cream color, fine arched sickle feathers, clean legs; a large falling serrated single comb and deep wattles both of a rich crimson color; a slender graceful carriage, and an active foot, and vigorous disposition, they are graceful, handsome and attractive; and as well as in their appearance are handsome in their profitable egg production. The eggs are as handsome as the fowls; of a pure white color slightly pointed oval form and large in size. As Leghorns are prolific Winter layers, their eggs realize higher prices by fully one-half than those of the Summer layers; and as the pullets begin to lay when six or eight months old a flock of these is a most desirable possession to the farmer or the poultry keeper whose aim is profit. The brown and speckled varieties are equally prolific and differ only in plumage from the white breed.

MR. OCHANER explains how he keeps up the vigor and originality of his stock of Wilson strawberries, which he pronounces the finest shipping berry known. He says: Since I have possessed those plants I have made it a rule never to propagate from them after their fruiting that is, never to use any young plants for planting from those which had already borne fruit. I find, after much and close examination, that plants, after giving us a bountiful crop of fruit, are more or less weakened by it or through it; and the puny, spindling runners which they throw out right after, do not suggest to me the ideal plant which I look for and want for my planting. I do not claim that this is absolutely necessary in order to keep up the originality of any variety. I do claim that this practice has rewarded me with the most flattering results. For the last four years I picked from 4 000 to 8 000 quarts per acre of my Wilsons, not from a few rods square of petted and stimulated plants, but from acres of them.

THERE has been a great deal of talk about the best kind of grains such as corn, wheat, etc. The subject has been well handled, and much said about all grain except oats. I dont recollect that I have seen oats mentioned. I think oats is as important a crop as any, these times. I would like to hear what variety is the best, all things considered, and what variety gave the biggest yield last year. I will give my experience with the Imperial oats, which I got direct from old England. I have had it three years, and it has done very well. I think it beats any oats I have seen. It is pure white, has a stiff straw, and stools more than any other variety that I have yet seen; ripens very early, and outweighs any oats I ever heard of; it weighs from 45 to 48 pounds to the bushel, stroked measure. This last year was not an oats year; still, mine gave 66 bushels to the acre by measure, and to add the overweight 13 pounds, to the bushel, makes about 98 bushels by weight to the acre.

AN intelligent farmer says that the leaves and stalks from an acre of corn are worth as much to feed to stock as the hay which could be raised upon the same amount of land.

ALL plants must have nitrogen supplied to them. It is not taken direct from the atmosphere by any plant, but it is obtained from the nitrates and ammonia salts in the soil.

IT is now claimed that potash, in the shape of ashes, or the potash salts, is excellent for grapevines if the fruit is defective in color.

PLUMP and very salable chickens can be procured by crossing a bantam rooster on ordinary common hens. They are not large, but of good quality.

FOWLS seldom tire of milk. They may eat too much grain or meat for health but milk in any form is both palatable and healthy.

DOMESTIC.

COCOANUT CAKE.—Cocoanut cake made from this is as nice a cake as one need wish to make. Take the whites of five eggs, one small cup of sweet milk, one cup and two thirds of another of granulated sugar, two thirds of a cup of butter, one teaspoonful and a half of baking powder, about three cups of sifted flour, flavor with almond extract, bake in layers, Beat the whites of two or three eggs to a frost, add pulverized sugar enough to make it rather thin frosting and put between the layers, on this scatter cocoanut, put on enough to make a nice layer, for the top and sides of the cake the frosting should be a little thicker. The best way to get the cocoanut on the sides is to put it on with your hand, you can press it gently upon the frosting and make it stick to it.

TOMATO SOUP.—Skim and strain one gallon of stock made from nice fresh beef; take three quarts of tomatoes, remove skin and cut out hard centre, put through a fine sieve and add to the stock; make a paste of butter and flour, and when the stock begins to boil stir in half a teacup, taking care not to have it lumpy; boil twenty minutes; season with salt and pepper to taste. Two quarts of canned tomatoes will answer.

VERMICELLI SOUP.—To make an excellent vermicelli soup, boil a leg of mutton for three hours; use water enough to cover it. Season with pepper and salt; add butter and herbs to suit your taste. An hour before serving stir into it a cup of vermicelli. This soup can be strained if you wish it to be clear, before you add the vermicelli. Keep the tea kettle on the stove full of boiling water and as the soup boils away add to it from the kettle.

STRAWBERRY BLANC-MANGE.—Stew nice ripe strawberries, strain off the juice and sweeten it to taste: place over the fire, and when it boils stir in cornstarch wet in cold water allowing two tablespoons of cornstaron for each pint of juice; continue stirring until sufficiently cooked: pour into moulds wet in cold water, and set away to cool; serve with cream and sugar and fresh strawberries if desired. This makes a very pretty and delicious dessert. Raspberry blanc-mange, prepared in the same way, is equally good.

STRING BEANS.—This delicious vegetable is rarely properly cooked. When well prepared it is quite as healthful as peas. Take the pods as fresh and young as possible, and shred them as finely as a small knife will go through them, cutting them lengthwise, and, as it were, shaving them very thin. Put into salted, boiling water, and boil two hours. Then drain in a colander and serve with plenty of sweet butter, and they will be as delicate as peas. If one likes vinegar, a little of it will improve the dish.

SPONGE CAKE.—A successful sponge cake is made after this recipe: One pint of sugar, one pint of flour, seven eggs—the whites and yolks beaten separately—half a teaspoonful of baking powder, a little pinch of salt, one teaspoonful and a half of lemon extract; stir the flour in a little at a time, put the whites of the eggs in last, beating them thoroughly in. Bake in a long, narrow tin; line it with white paper, the sides as well as the bottom. You are then sure to have no trouble about taking it from the tin.

CEMENT FOR GLASSWARE.—For mending valuable glass objects, which would be disfigured by common cement, chrome cement may be used. This is a mixture of five parts of gelatine to one of a solution of acid chromate of lime. The broken edges are covered with this, pressed together, and exposed to sunlight, the effect of the latter being to render the compound insoluable even in boiling water.

JELLY ROLLS.—Three eggs, half a cup of butter, one cup of flour, one and a half teaspoonfu's of baking powder, two-thirds of a cup of pulverized sugar; a little salt, bake in shallow pans—a dripping-pan well buttered is good for this purpose; put in the dough till it is about half an inch thick; take it carefully from the tins when baked, and lay on a cloth; spread jelly evenly over it with a knife; roll while hot; if this is done the cake will crumble.

ORANGE STRAWBERRIES.—Place a layer of strawberries in a deep dish; cover the same thickly with pulverized sugar; then a layer of berries, and so on until all are used. Pour over them orange juice in the proportions of three oranges to a quart of berries. Let stand for an hour, and just before serving sprinkle with pounded ice. Some use claret, port, grape or current wine instead of orange juice.

BROILED SWEETBREADS.—Take the heart sweetbread, which has the finest flavor, boil it; then split open, season with salt and pepper, rub thickly with butter, and sprinkle with flour. Boil over a quick fire, turning it constantly. Cook in this way about ten minutes if you are careful to turn it constantly, and serve with cream sauce.

BREAD SAUCE.—Put into a half pint of cold milk, one small onion, three or four cloves, a small blade of mace, a few peppercorns and a little salt. Set the whole to boil, then strain the milk over a teacupful of fine bread crumbs. Stir well on the fire for a few minutes, adding at the time of serving either a small pat of butter or a tablespoonful of cream.

MUFFINS.—Warm one quart of milk, a piece of butter half the size of an egg, beat up lightly two eggs, sift three teacups of flour into a pan, half a teaspoon of salt; pour the milk slowly on the flour beating all the while; add the eggs and half a teacup of baker's yeast, set to rise, and when perfectly light bake in rings on a griddle. More flour if necessary can be added to make the batter of a right consistency.

TO GET rid of the buffalo or carpet moth, says an exchange, wet a folded sheet or other cloth, lay it over the place near the edge of the carpet, and use several hot irons, moving them about from time to time, so as to send the steam down through the carpet and into all the cracks of the floor, and it will kill the moths. When properly tried, it has been found effective.

BARLEY SOUP.—Put the soup meat in a stewpan and just cover with water, taking off the the scum as it rises. Wash about a half pound of barley put with the meat, together with a small onion chopped fine. Add pepper and salt and a little more water, letting all cook until the barley is done. Any vegetable you prefer may be added.

OIL STAINS in marble may be removed by applying common clay saturated with benzine. The polish does not always return, but the stain is removed by this process.

HUMOROUS.

ONE of those unnaturally bright children who are always getting people into difficulties was at a prayer-meeting the other evening with his mother, when he asked aloud:

"Ma, say ma, who was Dinah Moore?"

"Hu-u-sh," whispered his mother cautiously, "it's a hymn."

"No, it ain't ma," contiuued the hopeful, "it's a woman; say, whose going home to Dinah Moore?"

"Willie," said his mother, in a ghastly voice, "you're disturbing the meeting. It means going to Heaven to die no more."

"Dine no more! O, ma; don't they eat anything there? I don't want to go there if they don't have any dinner!"

His mother explained as well as she could, and Willie sat still for half a minute, his bright eyes roving about the church. Then he asked in a shrill whisper:

"Ma, is God out of town?'

'No-o-o, no-no,' answered the distracted woman faintly.

"Then, what's Mr. Kelly running this meeting for, ma," continued the sweet child.

The choir sung him down, but as the meeting closed with a moment of silent prayer, his gentle voice was distinctly heard, saying:

"Old Mrs. Jones' switch don't match her hair like yours does, ma!"

The Power of the Press.

In no way is the power of the press more surely shown than in the universal knowledge that has in less than a year, been diffused throughout fifty millions of people of the wonderful curative properties of that splendid remedy Kidney-Wort. And the people from the Atlantic to the Pacific have shown their knowledge of what is in the papers, by already making Kidney-Wort their household remedy for all diseases of the kidneys, liver and bowels.—*Herald.*

LOOKING at it in a different light—Tommy: "There's Mr. Melon following us, Auntie. I do hope you'll never marry him, because they say his mamma is an old matchmaker, and it's such a common trade, you know." Auntie (sentimentally): "You don't understand, Tommy. She is not a matchmaker; matches are all made in heaven. Tommy: "Go on, Auntie! Least I'll bet those nasty, cheap ones, with such lots of sulphur on 'em, ain't."

Don't be Alarmed.

at Bright's Disease, Diabetes, or any disease of the kidneys, liver or urinary organs, as Hop Bitters will certainly and lastingly cure you, and it is the only thing that will.

A DERBY clergyman, Rev. A. Fulton, vouches for the truth of the following: Questioning some children in Sunday School a few weeks since, he asked one of them—an intelligent little boy—who was the wickedest man mentioned in the Old Testament. To his surprise a ready answer came; "Moses, sir." "And why Moses?" inquired the clergyman, in amazement. "Cos, sir, he broke all the ten commandments *at wunst.*"

Mensman's Peptonized beef tonic. the only preparation of beef containing its entire nutritious properties. It contains blood-making, force generating and life-sustaining properties; invaluable for indigestion, dyspepsia, nervous prostration, and all forms of general debility; also, in all enfeebled conditions, whether the result of exhaustion, nervous prostration, overwork or acute disease, particularly if resulting from pulmonary complaints. Caswell, Hazard & Co., proprietors, New York. Sold by all druggists.

SHREWD—"How much are those caramels?"

"Ninety cents sir."

"And these?"

"Twenty-five cents, sir;"

"Have you no golden mean?'

"No, sir, we've just out of that kind—shan't have any more till the first of next week."

"Rough on Rats."

The thing desired found at last. Ask druggists for Rough on Rats. It clears out rats mice, roaches, flies, bedbugs 15c boxes.

DON CORLOS, the would-be King of Spain, and his wife have parted. The cause of the disagreement is not given, the neighbors say she used the royal sceptre to stir soap with and set a hen on fourteen duck eggs in his kingly crown.

"Lindsey's Blood Searcher" is the best medicine for all blood diseases, no matter what it is. Send for circular.

WHY is a church bell more affable than a church organ? Because one will go when it is tolled, but the other will be "blowed" first.

Immense Demand for Vegetine.

WE are not at all surprised to learn that the demand of the people everywhere for that famous medicine, Vegetine, is constantly becoming more and more extended. It has long been in demand all over our own country, and had some time ago made its way into various foreign lands. At the present time the esteemed proprietor, Mr. H. R. Stevens, of Boston, is sending it to order to some of the remotest foreign countries; and it seems now evident that Vegetine is to become a universal medicine. It is a "patent medicine," but it has gained its fame and made its way everywhere on its own intrinsic merits. Such were the unmistakable and undeniable results of the use of this astonishing and, at this day, world-renowned medicine, in speedily effecting cures of the very numerous diseases or ills for which it was declared to be a remedy, that people everywhere were open and decided in expressing their opinion that this "patent medicine" must not only be ranked equal with, but altogether superior to, all the regular "doctors' stuff" that had ever been given in sickness.

There was and there could be no dispute about the astonishing cures effected by the medicine. The doctors could not deny them—especially as many of such cures had been effected in the most respectable, wealthy and well-known families, where the suffering invalids had obtained and taken the Vegetine as a last resort, after the regular physicians had utterly failed to do them any good.

Moreover, testimonial letters from perfectly well-known persons in high standing and of undoubted character and veracity began to pour in upon Mr. H. R. Stevens, the proprietor, in abundance, declaring, and often with the deepest gratitude, the surprising cures wrought by the great medicine.

Such testimonials have continued to flow in upon Mr. Stevens, from first to last, until he has enough to make volumes were he to print them all. But he don't publish, even in the newspapers, only a small fraction of them. Is it any wonder, then, that the sale of Vegetine is now increasing at a surprisingly rapid rate?—*Providence (R. I.) Gazette.*

Vegetine is Sold by All Druggists.

AN Illinois girl lately called at a Coroner's office and addressing the solitary occupant of the apartment said; "Be you the Coroner?" "I guess you'd think so if you ever see an undertaker shake hands with me," blandly answered the official. "You ain't going away nowhere for a day or two, be you?" "Not that I know." "Well, I'm glad to hear it," continued the maiden with an air of much encouragement. "Johnnie Bowles has been keepin' company with me since Christmas, but I hear that he's going to take another girl to the circus to night and if he does I'll swaller p'ison."

"Golden Medical Discovery" is not only a sovereign remedy for consumption, but also for consumptive night-sweats, bronchitis, coughs, influenza, spitting of blood, weak lungs, shortness of breath, and kindred affections of the throat and chest. By druggists.

EGGS-ACTLY SO—"Have you any fresh eggs?"

"Yes, mum, plenty; them with the hen on 'em!"

"With the hen on them?"

"Yes, mum, we always puts a hen on our fresh eggs to distinguish of 'em. Beg pardon, mum, don't think you understand. Hen the letter, not the 'en the bird. Hen for noo-laid, mum. Take a dozen, mum? Thank you!"

Beautiful Women

are made pallid and unattractive by functional irregularities, which Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription" will infallibly cure. Thousands of testimonials. By druggists.

"SEE here," said a fault-finding husband to his wife, "we must have things arranged in this house as we shall know just where everything is kept." "With all my heart," she sweetly answered, "and let us begin with your late hours, my love; I should dearly like to know where they are kept." He let things run as usual.

Dr. Pierce's "Pellets"—little liver pills (sugar-coated)—purify the blood, speedily correct all disorders of the liver, stomach, and bowels. By druggists.

"How profoundly still and beautiful is the night," she whispered, resting her finely veined temple against his coat collar, and fixing her dreamy eyes on the far off Ploiades, "how soothing, how restful." "Yes," he replied, toying with the golden aureola of her hair, "and what a night to shoot cats."

Eighty-Five Millions.

For the year ending December 31, 1881, there were imported into the United States 85,017,562 pounds of tea, costing (not including freight), $21.571,455. This enormous importation has depressed prices to a lower level than was ever known before, and the public ought to have the benefit of it. Robert Wells, the well-known New York Tea Merchant, advertises in another column ten pounds for one dollar, a price heretofore unheard of.

A MAN who camped out two weeks, and ate half-cooked meat, smoke-flavored and sooty fish, stale bread, and coffee as palatable as an "ague cure," commenced to grumble at his wife's cooking as soon as he got home and sat down to the supper table. Perhaps he didn't bring his appetite home with him.

Eminent Physicians

are prescribing that tried and true remedy, Kidney-Wort for the worst cases of biliousness and constipation, as well as for kidney complaints. There is scarcely a person to be found that will not be greatly benefitted by a thorough course of Kidney Wort every spring. If you feel out of sorts and don't know why, try a package of Kidney-Wort and you will feel like a new creature.—*Indianapolis Sentinel.*

THE religious education of the young is terribly neglected in this country. "Are you a Methodist?" "No, sir." "A Presbyterian?" "No, sir." "Well; what are you?" "Why, sir, if anything. I am just a little Episcopalian on the mother's side."

SKILL IN THE WORKSHOP.—To do good work the mechanic must have good health. If long hours of confinement in close rooms have enfeebled his hand or dimmed his sight, let him at once, and before some organic trouble appears, take plenty of Hop Bitters. His system will be rejuvenated, his nerves strengthened, his sight become clear, and the whole constitution be built up to a higher working condition.

"DO THE wonders of nature ever move you?" asked the philosopher of the man who had the habit of skipping away in order to save paying rent bills. 'No," was the reply, "I get moved for half rates. I have a yearly contract with an expressman."

The soft and silky appearance given to the hair by the use of Carboline, the natural hair restorer and dressing, as now improved and perfected, is the subject of general remark by all who have witnessed its effects upon the human head. Sold by all dealers in drugs.

"I'M the light of this menagerie," said the tapir, and the other beasts wanted to put him out.

Nervous Debility. Weakness, Etc. Home cure by simple herbs. Sufferers may learn just how to cure themselves at home, by simple and harmless herbs, free by mail. Address BAKER HERB CURE, Newark, New Jersey.

TOMMY, seated on his mother's lap and reading about Eve and the serpent. "She wasn't like you, mamma, for you're afraid of a mouse."

Delays are dangerous in diseases of the liver, kidneys, and stomach. "Sellers' Liver Pills" are the standard remedy.

"How shall women carry their purses to frustrate the thieves?" Why, carry them empty.

Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer is the marvel of the age for all nerve diseases. All fits stopped free. Send to 931 Arch Street Philadelphia, Pa.

ALMOST anybody can run into debt, but nearly everybody has to crawl out of it.

NERVOUS SUFFERER.—A dose of Vegetine, taken just before going to bed, will ensure a comfortable night's rest to the nervous sufferer.

A NEW brand of cigars has been called "Balky Horse," because they won't draw.

Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver cure.

WRITE plainly on all postal cards, The time of a postmistress is valuable.

A NOTED BUT UNTITLED WOMAN.

[From the Boston *Globe.*]

Messrs. Editors:—

The above is a good likeness of Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., who above all other human beings may be truthfully called the "Dear Friend of Woman," as some of her correspondents love to call her. She is zealously devoted to her work, which is the outcome of a life-study, and is obliged to keep six lady assistants, to help her answer the large correspondence which daily pours in upon her, each bearing its special burden of suffering, or joy at release from it. Her Vegetable Compound is a medicine for good and not evil purposes. I have personally investigated it and am satisfied of the truth of this.

On account of its proven merits, it is recommended and prescribed by the best physicians in the country. One says: "It works like a charm and saves much pain. It will cure entirely the worst form of falling of the uterus, Leucorrhœa, irregular and painful Menstruation, all Ovarian Troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Floodings, all Displacements and the consequent spinal weakness, and is especially adapted to the Change of Life."

It permeates every portion of the system, and gives new life and vigor. It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion. That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use. It will at all times, and under all circumstances, act in harmony with the law that governs the female system.

It costs only $1. per bottle or six for $5., and is sold by druggists. Any advice required as to special cases, and the names of many who have been restored to perfect health by the use of the Vegetable Compound, can be obtained by addressing Mrs. P., with stamp for reply, at her home in Lynn, Mass.

For Kidney Complaint of *either* sex this compound is unsurpassed as abundant testimonials show.

"Mrs. Pinkham's Liver Pills," says one writer, "are *the best in the world* for the cure of Constipation, Biliousness and Torpidity of the liver. Her Blood Purifier works wonders in its special line and bids fair to equal the Compound in its popularity.

All must respect her as an Angel of Mercy whose sole ambition is to do good to others.

Philadelphia, Pa. (2) Mrs. A. M. D.

KIDNEY-WORT

FOR THE PERMANENT CURE OF CONSTIPATION.

Acts at the Same Time on Kidneys, Liver and Bowels.

No other disease is so prevalent in this country as Constipation, and no remedy has ever equalled the celebrated Kidney-Wort as a cure. Whatever the cause, however obstinate the case, this remedy will overcome it.

PILES. THIS distressing complaint is very apt to be complicated with constipation. Kidney-Wort strengthens the weakened parts and quickly cures all kinds of Piles even when physicians and medicines have before failed.

☞ If you have either of these troubles

PRICE $1. USE Druggists Sell

KIDNEY-WORT

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED

STOMACH BITTERS

For a quarter of a century or more Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has been the reigning specific for indigestion, dyspepsia, fever and ague, a loss of physical stamina, liver complaint and other disorders, and has been most emphatically indorsed by medical men as a health and strength restorative. It counteracts a tendency to premature decay, and sustains and comforts the aged and infirm.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

$200.00 REWARD.

Will be paid for the detection and conviction of any person selling or dealing in any bogus, counterfeit or imitation HOP BITTERS, especially Bitters or preparations with the word HOP or HOPS in their name or connected therewith, that is intended to mislead and cheat the public, or for any preparation put in any form, pretending to be the same as HOP BITTERS. The genuine have cluster of GREEN HOPS (notice this) printed on the white label, and are the purest and best medicine on earth, especially for Kidney, Liver and Nervous Diseases. Beware of all others, and of all pretended formulas or recipes of HOP BITTERS published in papers or for sale, as they are frauds and swindles Whoever deals in any but the genuine will be prosecuted.

HOP BITTERS MFG. CO.,
Rochester, N. Y.

NOTHING IN THE WORLD EQUAL TO IT FOR THE CURE OF

ULCERS, SCROFULA, ERYSIPELAS, PIMPLES, BOILS, SORE EYES, SCALD HEAD, OLD SORES, MERCURIAL DISEASES AND MALARIA, CATARRH, RHEUMATISM, ITCH, ALL FEMALE COMPLAINTS, FOR LOSS OF APPETITE, NAUSEA, OF STOMACH AND INDIGESTION

DOCTOR LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER

IT HAS NO EQUAL.

R. E. SELLERS & CO.
PITTSBURGH, PA.

"SELLERS LIVER PILLS" FOR LIVER COMPLAINT, VERY AGILE, HEADACHE, MALARIA, CONSTIPATION, &C.

CONSUMPTIVES send your name and address to S. B. ALLEN, 186 State Street, Rochester, N. Y.

$47 A MONTH and board in your county. Men or Ladies. Pleasant business. Address, P. W. ZIEGLER & CO., Box 96, Philadelphia, Pa.

SALESMEN WANTED.—Address for terms CHAS. W. STUART, "Newark Nurseries," Newark, Wayne Co., N. Y.

BUGGIES Best work in the U. S. for the money. ENTERPRISE CARRIAGE CO., Cin'ti, O. Territory Given. Catalogue FREE.

FANCY CARD COLLECTORS.—Beautiful new set and catalogue 3c. stamp. 4 different sets, 10c. DREW M'F'G Co., Baltimore Maryland.

RUPTURE. CURE Guaranteed by J. B. MAYER'S Method. Permanent Cure for all Cases. Patients of both Sexes and of every Age entirely Cured by this Treatment. Send Stamp for Testimonials of persons cured. Advice Free. Office hours, 9 A.M. to 9 P.M. 831 ARCH ST., Phila.

Those answering an advertisement will confer a favor upon the advertiser and the publisher by stating that they saw the advertisement in this journal (naming paper

The following symptoms are sure indications of disease of the Liver, commonly called

LIVER COMPLAINT:

A Furred Tongue.

Languor and Depression.

Melancholy.

Always Tired.

Irregular Appetite.

Pain in the Right Side which is increased by pressure.

Pain under the Shoulder Blade.

Belching or Flatulence.

Scanty Diarrhœa.

Nausea and Vomiting.

Any of these symptoms show that the liver is not secreting the proper amount of bile. From this cause the stomach and bowels are clogged by undigested food, which by poisoning the blood is producing disease in every part of the system. If these symptoms are accompanied by a short, dry cough, with difficulty of breathing, there is always danger of Consumption. Nine-tenths of all the deaths from Consumption are caused by neglect of these first causes, a diseased and inactive liver and the indigestion of food arising therefrom.

MANDRAKE.

Its uses as a Medicine in Diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels.

Mandrake was first used by the Indians, in a crude state, but even in their hands performed such wonderful cures that it attracted the attention of physicians, more especially as it was found to produce all the good results of mercury, without any of the dangers attending the use of this mineral poison.

Since its introduction to the medical world, it has almost entirely taken the place of mercurial preparations in diseases for which mercury was formerly used.

Mandrake is found throughout the United States in low, shady situations. It bears its flowers in May or June, and matures its fruit in September or October. It is more common in the Western and Middle States than in New England or the South. The root only is used as a medicine, the proper time for gathering being the early part of November, soon after the ripening of the fruit. It should never be used when freshly gathered, and even when dry it will sometimes cause severe pain unless combined with other medicines.

We ask the reader to carefully peruse the following opinions of two eminent physicians on the great curative properties of the Mandrake:

Prof. John King, M. D., says in *The American Dispensatory:* "As a deobstruent it is one of the most valuable in our materia medica, acting through and upon all the tissues of the system. In bilious and typhoid febrile diseases it is very valuable as a cathartic, often breaking up the disease at once.

In Chronic Hepatitis (Liver Complaint) there is not its superior in the whole range of medicines, being vastly more useful than mercurial agents, arousing the liver to healthy action, increasing the flow of bile, and keeping up these actions longer than any other agent with which we are acquainted. In constipation it acts on the bowels without disposing them to subsequent costiveness.

As a cholagogue cathartic it probably has no equal. It produces a specific action on the liver, arousing it to action and producing free bilious evacuations. In bilious fevers, either remittent or intermittent, as well as acute disease of the liver, or bilious pneumonia, it not unfrequently arrests the disease at the first prescription, or it so far modifies the attack that the case becomes mild and manageable. In chronic Hepatic derangement (Liver Complaint) with Dyspepsia, it is a most valuable remedy. Its range of application is perhaps more extensive than any other cathartic medicine, and while in any and every case it will do all the good that is claimed for mercury, it is entirely free from any of the objections to that article."

The late Professor T. V. Morrow says: "Perhaps no medicine has been introduced to the medical profession for the last one hundred years which promises to be of so much value as Podophyllin (Mandrake.) An experience somewhat extensive in the use of this agent in the treatment of a great variety of cases of disease, has fully convinced me of its immense value as a remedial agent, especially as a purgative and alterative. It operates with energy and efficiency, without harshness, leaving the bowels in a gently lax condition for two or three days after its operation. With one single dose of this medicine I have frequently arrested a severe attack of bilious remittent fever, requiring nothing further to complete the cure except some gentle tonic and a proper avoidance of the exciting causes.

The results of my experience in the use of this article as a remedial agent, on the whole, are such as to leave no doubt in my mind that it is destined to occupy a conspicuous place among the most valuable remedies of the materia medica, with a very extended range of applications in the treatment of disease. Indeed, it promises to be more than a substitute for mercury in all those cases where mercury has proved of any substantial value, without the liability of producing injurious effects on the constitution of patients."

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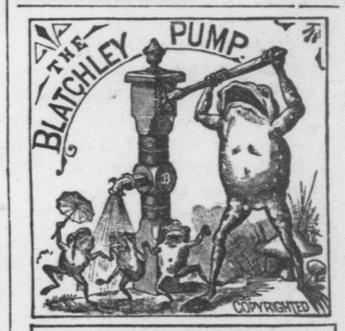

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